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Poetry.

The following picture from Thomas Buchanan Read's 'New Pastoral,' is just in time to be verified by our country readers:

MAKING HAY.

Now have the flocks been driven unto the brook,
And bathed to snowy whiteness 'gainst their will;
And, bleating oft, beneath the clipping shears,
Have yielded up the fleece. The meadow fields
Are wavering in the sunshine like a sea—
A billowy deep, whose flowers are like a foam;
And all abroad, behold the busy throng
Of those who swing the clover, as a path,
From seething scythes into the sidelong swath,
And sharp their blades with many a shrill che-wet.
The air is full of perfume. Following these,
With laugh and song, gay youths, with glittering prongs,
Shake out the scented masses to the sun,
Until the noon beholds the field half mown,
And from the hillside calls the mid day horn.
Some bands there are, in harvest plains remote,
Who hearken not the conch's announcing call;
But pass into the oak or poplar's shade,
And on the branch suspend the glittering scythes,
Which hang vibrating; then the circle draw—
The grass alike their table and their seat—
While well-stored baskets furnish forth the meal.
The spring near by its crystal tribute gives,
And deals its freshness through the rustic gourd.

When now the grass, oft turned beneath the sun,
Is dry and crisp, and rustles to the tread.
Then comes the rake, with many a long-drawn sweep.
Gleaning the shaven weed, until the plain,
Rough with the sultry stacks, appears a field,
Thick set with russet tints. And thus it stands
Until the wagons, drawn by horse or yoke
Of easy oxen, with slow swaying gait.
Their large eyes dreaming o'er their rolling cud,
Convey the winter store unto the barn,
Then what wild laughter fills the heated mow,
Where boyhood treads the sweltering waves of hay,
Climbing encroaching billows as they roll,
Till like a tide it swells along the roof,
Molesting wasps and swallows!—swells and swells,
Till the marauding child, with curious eye,
Thrust his adventurous hand into the nest—
The highest in the grooved rafters lodged—
And finds but fragments of the tender shell,
Which crumbles in his fingers, while outside,
The parent bird darts laughing its derision.

Agriculture.

Rotation of Crops.—A rotation of crops is not supposed to be absolutely necssary, where plenty of manure of the right sort can be had. But in the absence of that it is indispensable. The slave labor of the south, by confining the land to single crops, has nearly exhausted southern lands. A similar effect will be produced here upon fields devoted for a long time to the same crop. In some parts of the country, fields, after bearing wheat one year, must lie fallow the next year, to become recruited. In England, the practice is to follow with a crop of turnips, or something similar. When it is desirable to raise the same crop successively, the land should be manured with that kind of manure chiefly made from the crop. For grain lands, manure from horses fed on grain. Corn land, perhaps with hog manure when fed mainly on grain. Grass land, manure from cattle serves best.—This mode exactly supplies the substances most exhausted by the crops.

Where it may be inconvenient to have a rotation of crops, or to carry on manure, any green crop turned in roots and tops together, or sown broadcast, proves an excellent manure. Red clover is supposed, however, to be the most valuable for such a purpose, this mode of enriching soil is resorted to altogether too unfrequently.

Liming Wheat.—One or two days before sowing, put the seed into a vat or box, then take strong brine, (such as is used for preserving meat,) and heat it as hot as you can bear the hand in, for five seconds, and pour this over the wheat, stirring it the meantime with a scoop or shovel till the whole is completely wet; two or three quarts of brine is sufficient for a bushel of wheat; let it stand for a few hours to drain, then spread it on the barn floor and sprinkle it over with fine slacked lime; stir it and add lime until every kernel appears white and dry: it is then fit for sowing. It will only require about one bushel of lime to ten bushels of wheat.

The Farmer's Life is shunned by many because it seems one of mindless drudgery. If our farmers would study and reflect more, they might do less hard labor, and yet accomplish more in the course of a year. Ten hours work in summer, and eight in winter, ought, with good management, to give any many a good living.

Do not keep a horse too fat, or too lean, as either disqualifies him for hard labor.

Selected Tale.

THE MILL-PRIVILEGE;

—OR,—

HOW MR. TATNALL OVERREACHED HIMSELF.

In one of the new towns of Maine, some, thirty years ago, lived a man named John Tatnall. He was a close fisted, digging man, and never scrupled to make the best end of a bargain at all points within the limits of written law. He never hesitated to make capital of other people's necessities, and any event that could put a dollar into his till was all right to him.

Once a neighbor lost a fine ox, just at a time when he was in the midst of fulfilling a contract for cutting down and hauling out lumber. The contract was worth a thousand dollars, and he was to forfeit one half of it if he did not have all the logs in the river before the snow melted in the spring. The loss of his best ox would ruin him if he could not make his place good. He knew that Tatnall had plenty of oxen, and he went to him and stated his case.

Now John Tatnall had a number of odd oxen, which he had bought to place in a drove that he meant to drive to market; so he could have sold one just as well as not. But he saw his neighbor's necessity, and he meant to profit by it. He would not sell unless he could sell a pair, and not then without an enormous price. The poor lumberman begged and entreated, but it was of no avail. There was not another ox to be bought for miles and miles about, for Mr. Tatnall had bought them all up.—The neighbor could not allow his work to lie still, so he paid Tatnall full double what the oxen were worth and took them away.

Then it was that he happened to think of his odd ox. He knew it was better by far than either of those he had bought of Tatnall, and he drove it over to the cattle dealers' to sell it, as he had no use for it. Tatnall offered him twenty dollars for it—just one-fifth of what he had obtained for the yoke he had sold!

We will not tell all the conversation and bantering that followed, but suffice it to say that Tatnall got the ox, and that, in the end, he made a profit of just seventy five dollars of his poor and hard working neighbor.

This was the character of the man, and all his neighbors knew it. Yet he was respected, for he had money, and many people depended on him for work, though their pittance for such work was beggarly in the extreme.

Mr. Tatnall's farm was situated upon quite a large river, and he owned to a great extent on both sides of it. When he bought there he had some faint idea that, at some time, there would be a mill put up there, and thus greatly enhance the value of his lot; for there was quite a fall in the river where he owned, and a most excellent mill privilege was thus afforded. But he could never build the mill, for he had not the money to spare, nor had he the energy.

About two years previous to the opening of our story, some men had come to examine the fall of the river, and they talked of buying and building extensive mill works.—Tatnall knew that, if such was done, the value of all the good land about him would be advanced, and he bo't up all he could, so that at the present time he owned not less than a thousand acres.

One day in early spring, just as the ice had broken up, a man called on Tatnall and wished to examine the mill privilege; His name was Lemuel Farnsworth, and he was a man not more than thirty years of age, full of enterprise and integrity.

Mr. Tatnall accompanied his visitor out to the river, and, after examining the premises, the latter expressed himself very much pleased with them.

'Oh,' exclaimed Tatnall, 'this is just about the finest privilege in the State.—The water can not fail, and you see there would be power enough to drive a dozen mills.'

'I see,' returned Farnsworth; but he did not express all he tho't. He merely acknowledged that the privilege was good. 'If I buy here he continued, 'I should want some forty or fifty acres of land to go with the water lot, for I should want lumber enough to put up all my buildings, and some besides of my own, to commence work on.'

'You can have all you want,' was Tatnall's reply; and shortly afterwards they returned to the house.

'Now what is your price?' asked Farnsworth, after he had declined to take a glass of rum that had been poured out for him.

'Well,' returned Tatnall, tho'tfully, 'I haven't thought much of selling, for I have had some idea of putting up a mill there myself.'

This was a falsehood; but then Tatnall said such things as naturally as a child laughs when it is pleased.

'But you will sell, I suppose?'

'Oh yes.'

'Then what would be your price?'

'You mean for the mill privilege and fifty acres of woodland?'

'Yes.'

'Well, the water lot is valuable, and we all know that the land is excellent; and then the lumber on it is of the first quality.'

'I have seen all that, sir. Now for your price.'

'Well, I have thought that if some one would put up a mill there, I would sell the privilege, with land enough for a garden and the necessary buildings—say about six acres—for a thousand dollars. And then if you wanted the fifty acres, I should say about seven hundred dollars more.'

'But, my dear sir,' uttered Farnsworth in surprise, 'do you consider how this will enhance the value of your other property? We mean to put up, not only a saw mill, but also a good grist mill and a carding and clothing mill, so that we can saw the lumber, grind the grain, card the wool, and dress the cloth, for people who may come and settle here.'

'Then you mean to do all this?' said Tatnall, really surprised but without showing it.

'Yes, sir.'

Now Tatnall knew that this would be a vast benefit to him. The nearest mill was now six miles off, and even that was a poor, flimsey concern, put upon a small brook that was dry nearly half the year.—From this circumstance the people had not settled down upon the rich lands by the river, and the hugh trees still stood upon the finest alluvial soil in that section of the country. Such an establishment, Mr. Tatnall at once saw would draw quite a village together in a few years, and then his land would make him independently wealthy. But he believed he had the power all in his own hands, and he meant to use it.

'I can not take a cent less,' he said, after a moment's thought. 'To be sure, the establishment you speak of will be a benefit to me, but that is no reason why I should sacrifice now. It will also be a benefit to you, for which you can well afford to pay. If you will take the whole for seventeen hundred dollars you can have it.'

'Well said Mr. Farnsworth, 'I have a partner engaged with me in this business, and I must see him first. I will explain the case to him, and next day after to-morrow I will see you again.'

Mr. Farnsworth left; and when Tatnall found himself alone, he began to meditate upon the plan he had thus entered on.

'If these two men have got their minds made up on this mill,' he said to himself, 'they won't stop at trifles. Of course they have got money enough, or else they would'nt be going into any such extensive business. *I'll feel of 'em.*'

Mr. Tatnall said this with a sort of chuckle, and he clasped his hands together just as tho' he had a helpless man within his grasp.

At the appointed time Mr. Farnsworth returned, and with him came his partner, a man of about the same age of himself, named Ridgley. The went out and looked the place all over, and at length they concluded they would pay the seventeen hundred dollars. It was a heavy sum, much more than the property was worth; but they had set their hearts upon building the mill in that section, and they wished not to give it up.

'Ah, gentlemen said Tatnall, with a bland smile, after their offer had been made, 'that price was not a fixed one; that was only a sum named two days ago, for acceptance or rejection then. I gave no claim or refusal. I can not sell for that now.'

'Are you in earnest?' asked Mr. Farnsworth.

'I am, most assuredly.'

'And for what will you sell now?'

'You may have the whole for twenty-two hundred dollars.'

'But, sir,' uttered Ridgely, 'that is monstrous. The mills may not return us a cent for years. Why, sir, for six years at least, you will certainly make more by the mills than we shall.'

'This is looking further ahead than is needed,' replied Tatnall; 'the property is worth what I ask.'

'But you will take off something?'

'No, sir.'

You will say two thousand?'

'Not a single cent less than twenty-two hundred.'

Both the young men saw that Tatnall was trying to overreach them, but they did not give vent to their feelings, for they wanted the mill privilege much. They had examined the nature of the land up and down the river, and they had found that for many miles it was a rich, deep interval, and that such works as they meant to put up, would surely make a large village there in a few years. And then the circumjacent upland was good, being beautifully undulating and bearing a heavy growth of oak and maple. But they were not prepared to pay a sum which they knew was only forced upon them through their necessity.

Many a man would have almost given them the mill privilege in consideration of the benefit that would thereby accrue to the other property. But he cared not for that.

The result of the conference was, that the young men wanted a week in which to consider upon the matter, and make a final decision.

'Very well,' said Tatnall, 'you can take as long as you like.'

'But you will not rise on your price again?' added Farnsworth.

'Don't know about that,' was the response. 'The offer I have just made is open only for to-day.'

The two partners conversed together in a whisper, and for a few moments they had a mind to accept Tatnall's offer. They saw that they were completely in his power, and they had read enough of his character to be assured that he would rob them of every penny they had if he could do so under cover of law. But the mill privilege would be valuable to them—very valuable—and of this Farnsworth spoke.

'I know it,' returned Ridgely, 'but you must remember that it is our energy and perseverance that will make it valuable.—Let us think for a while.'

So they went away and left the matter for settlement in one week. Mr. Tatnall rubbed his hands when they were gone, for he felt sure they would come back, and he had made up his mind that he would have just twenty-five hundred dollars for the lot he was to sell!

The next day the two partners took a stroll down the river, and at the distance of seven miles from Tatnall's place, they came to a place where a sort of bayou or inlet, made up into the shore. From curiosity they followed this up, and found it to run in only about twenty rods, and then turn and extend down some quarter of a mile, almost parallel with the river, and there it ended in a deep basin. Opposite this point, in the river, was a steep fall of water, but no thoughts of building a mill there had been entertained on account of the rocky, rugged nature of the shores.—But this inlet seemed almost cut out by Providence for a mill. By expending one hundred dollars, at the outside, the bayou could be cut right on to the river, striking the bank about fifteen rods below the fall, and their mills could be built, and be not only free from danger from the freshets, but with enormous power. In fact, the water power could be made as extensive as necessary. And then there were other advantages. In the first place the building spot was superior to that of Tatnall's, and then it left a splendid growth of intervale pines above, which could be easily cut and run down.

As soon as the two young men had fully realized the splendid nature of the discovery they had made, they fairly danced with joy. They set off at once to find the owner, and they found him to be a Mr. Simon Winthrop, a poor, honest man, and the very one whom Mr. Tatnall had so imposed upon in the ox trade. Winthrop owned enough land on the river and the circumjacent upland, for quite a township. It had been left him by an uncle, and he had moved on to it, cleared a small farm, and had begun now to make quite a comfortable living by getting off the timber, though he had not got off a thousandth part of it.

The two partners found him in his house that very evening, and they commenced by informing him of the trials they had had with Mr. Tatnall. Winthrop smiled as they finished their account, and for the amusement of the thing he related the story of his ox trade. The millwrights were very soon assured that they had an honorable man to deal with now, and they frankly told him of the remarkable discovery they had made, and at the same time explained to him that the mill privilege upon his land was worth more than double that of Tatnall's. And then they asked him how he would sell the water power and a goodly piece of land. He first wished to know all their plans, and they freely told him, for they knew he was not the man to attempt to overreach them. They told him of the saw mill, the grist mill, the clothing mill, and that they should probably put up a store, if people enough moved in to support one.

'Now, how much money have you got?' asked Winthrop. 'That is—how much can you raise to put into this place?'

'We can raise just eight thousand dollars,' replied Farnsworth.

Simon Winthrop got up and walked across the room several times, and then he came and sat down again.

'Gentlemen,' said he, 'if you will put up a good mill, and saw my lumber well and at fair prices, I will freely *give* you the mill privilege, and what land you take you shall pay me somewhat near what the lumber is worth on it. But I have another offer to make you. My old uncle was one who went into this land business a few years ago, and when he died he gave me all the land he owned here. It is very valuable land, though so far I have only gained a bare livelihood on it. I have between two and three thousand acres all told—my lot adjoining Tatnall's above here, and running down four miles below here. Now what do you say to making me the third man in your party? You put your own energies and knowledge, and money, with my stout hands and broad lands. We shall all share alike, whether [illegible] stores. What think you?

'We must think of that uttered both the young men at a breath.

'So do. But remember the mill privilege is yours if you want it to put up a mill on it without cost, provided my offer does not suit you.

'The two young men went away about nine o'clock, but they felt sure they should take up with the last offer, though upon a thing of such extent they wanted time to reflect.

On the next morning early, Mr. Tatnall was at Winthrop's door. He wanted to buy a large lot of intervals woodland, which lay next to his own on the river.—But Mr. Winthop 'would listen to nothing of the kind. Mr. Tatnall held on his own land, and he wanted all the neighboring lumber. He swore at Winthrop for his 'obstinancy,' but the latter only laughed.

That afternoon Messrs Farnsworth and Ridgley called upon Tatnall, and informed him that they had concluded not to buy of him.

'Very well, gentlemen,' cooly returned he for he thought they were only trying to bring him down.

So they turned to leave, and they bade him 'good bye.' Mr. Tatnall turned pale. He began to think they were in earnest.

'Stop, stop,' he cried, 'are you really in earnest? Aint you really going to put up the mills?'

'Not here, sir.'

'But—but—Don't be in a hurry. Perhaps we can—Come, come in. Let's, talk the matter over.'

'There is no need,' answered Farnsworth, 'for we have made up our minds.'

'But perhaps I might take up with your offer of two thousand.'

'No, sir.'

'But hold on a moment. I declare, rather than have the thing blow over now, I would come back to my old offer of seventeen hundred dollars.'

'No, sir. It's no use, for we don't want your land.'

'But the mill privilege?'

'Nor do we want that either.

'But,' cried Tatnall, in a phrenzy of alarm, 'let the land go and take the water privilege, and give me what you like for it; only put up a good mill there. even if you—take it—for—nothing.

'You are too late sir,' returned Farnsworth, with a look of contempt. Had you at first acted the part of a man, you would not only have got a good round price for your water privilege and your land, which we wanted, but all your other property would have been enhanced in value one hundred per cent. You thought we were in your power, and you would overreach us, but you will find in the end that this time, at least, you have *overreached yourself*.

John Tatnall shrank away into his house and he had a bitter pill to suck upon.

The two young men returned to Simon Winthrop's house, and informed him they should accept his offer. So papers were at once made out, and 'Messrs Farnsworth, Ridgeley & Winthrop,' commenced business in good earness. The saw mill was commenced upon immediately, and at the same time men were set at work cutting out the canal. No less than eighty men were employed, and the "store" was built at once. The greatest part of these men took pay for their work in land reserving only enough of the timber for their own building purposes, and by the next summer those of them who had families moved them in. The grist mill was put up in due time, and by the seccond autumn quite a village of snug, warm log huts had gone up. After this, the colony flourished and grew. Great numbers of hands were employed during the winter in felling lumber, and when it was sawed it could be rafted and run out to sea by the high tides of the spring and fall.—Those who came to cut lumber saw the nature of the soil when the snow was gone, and they took up lots for farms.

At the end of eighty years the wilderness was changed into a village, and Messrs Farnsworth, Ridgley & Winthrop, were wealthy and respected. A flourishing village had grown up about them, all upon their own land—their own three mills were in full operation—their store did a good business, and their land was yielding the immense profit. A school house had been put up for three years, and that fall saw the finishing touch put upon a handsome church.

And where was John Tatnall? He still lived upon his farm, seven miles up the river, and he had grown poor in flesh almost to a skeleton. His power of pinching his neighbors was gone, for no one was obliged to do business with him. He saw that village grow up, and he saw poor, honest Winthrop become wealthy and respected—and he knew that all this might have been upon his own land if he had been an honest, and honorable man.—But 'twas to late now. He could only look upon his own wilderness, and then upon the smiling lands of his neighbor, and the canker ate into the his soul and made him miserable. In time the settlement extended up the river, and the stout trees upon John Tatnall's land began to give place to houses, barnes and farms; but John Tatnall did not live to see it nor profit by it, his chagrin and envy had killed him; and in the last hour of the man who had all his lifetime made it a rule of practice to overreach all with whom he had any dealings, was himself overreached by that power against which no art of earth can prevail.

Historical.

MEMOIR OF RHODE ISLAND.

1657.

The commissioners met at Warwick July 4th.

Upon the request of the Narragansett sachem, it is ordered, that a letter be sent to the English at Pequat and thereabouts, from this Assembly and to be subscribed by the General Recorder.—The contents whereof were as followeth viz:—

To our honored and beloved friends Capt. Dennison and Mr Thomas Stanton, to be communicated to such of the English at it may concern at Pequet or other parts of the Country,

Beloved Countrymen in the consideration of the great charge that lyeth on every one to endeavor the preservation of this country and every member thereof, we do therefore make use of this present occasion to the end premised and you may please to understand that we have at this very instant a very solemn and serious information from the Narragansett sachems by a chief counsellor of theirs, that they take it ill of some English who live near Uncas his fort, for that (as they say) the English by their scouts discover to the Monhegans the approach of the Narragansetts and thereby do defeat their designs in the war Uncas. And further these Indians do say that they think those English that so do not do it by order of any Colony or Court, but for money given underhand by Uncas.—And further they tell us that the inlanders. called Mocqayes, are great number coming down against Uncas, and these Indians fear that those inlanders finding any such carriage from those English by making signs or shouting to give Uncas notice as aforesaid of his enemies approach, that then those inlanders may be urged and either take or kill such scout or scouts; and now on this information these Narragansett Sachems desire us so to inform you for that they desire a fair correspondency with the English. Thus much only we shall add that is that you, our loving Countrymen do, well consider of the matter, and weigh the grounds of those actions, so as if possible the peace of the Country and there in your safety with ours may be preserved, for that is the utmost extent of our desire to inform you, but no way to engage in either part of the Indian quarrels one with another.

And so we rest your affectionate Countrymen and friends.

Dated July 4th, 1657.
From the General Court of Commissioners held for the Colony of Providence Plantations, at Warwick pr me John Sanford General Recorder.

The great and leading principle for which this colony contended, that of a civil Government without the power to control or regulate in matters of conscience and religious belief and practice, was yet in its infancy—and those Providence Plantations were making the first experiment to demonstrate its practicability—which, in the then present state of the world, was no easy task. The reasons and arguments used to establish the supremacy of religious liberty, over Human Legislation—or in other words, to exempt it from Legislative control—were imbibed, by some, to such an extravagant and unreasonable extent, that they were led to an opinion, that whatever a man felt, or pretended to feel, conscientious in not doing, the Government had no right to enforce! Such pretentions struck at the root of all Government! but dangerous as they were, such opinions found advocates amongst the settlers of this Colony! principally in the town of Providence. Mr. Williams combatted those dangerous herisies with great ability—and drew with a masterly hand the true distinction between ecclesiastical tyranny, and religious liberty.* Mr. William Harris—a man of popular talents in Providence—had imbibed those dangerous opinions, and published a book in defence of them, in which he contented that "he can say it is his conscience, ought not to yiel subjection to any human order amongs men." To arrest the progress of such dangerous sentiments Mr. Williams preferre an Indictment against Harris chargin him with high treason, at a former term o the General Court and at this term of cour passed the following order, after giving th parties a full and patient hearing.

"Concerning William Harris his boo and speeches upon it, we find therein [illegible] livered, as for doctrine, having much bowed the scriptures to maintain, "that he tha can say it as his conscience, ought not t yield subjection to any human orde amongst men." Whereas the said Harri hath been charged for the said book an words, with high treason; and inasmuch a we being so remote from England, canno be so well acquainted in the Laws there in that behalf provided—as the State no stands—though we cannot but conclud his behavior therein to be both contemptous and seditous—we thought best therefore to send over his writing with th charge, and his reply, to Mr. John Clark —desiring him to commend the matter, i our, and the Commonwealths behalf, fo further judgement, as he shall see the caus require—and in the mean time to bin the said Harris in good bonds to the goo behaviour until their sentence be known."

☞ Those were the days of inexperience however, and if Harris was reprehesible for promulgating dangerous principle and opinions. Mr. Williams was als wrong in his proposed remedy! that prefering an indictment against him fo high treason. Mr. Harris had a right his own opinions, and ought not to hav been made legally accountable for them, such. If Mr. Harris had put his theory practice, by resisting or defeating the la —then—and not till then, would his o fence have been a proper subject of jud cial punishment.

This year the colony of Plymouth la claim to the Island of Hog Island in th township of Portsmouth as a part of Pl mouth Colony. The Government of th Colony resisted the claim, and a joi commission or reference was instituted issue the matter.

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* But said Mr. Williams, "That ever I shoul speak or write a title that tends to such an infinite liberty of conscience is a mistake, and whic I have ever disclaimed and abhored. To preve such mistakes I at present shall only propose th case.—There goes many ships to sea, with man hundred souls in one ship, whose weal an woe is common and is a true picture of a con monwealth or a human combination or society. It hath fallen out sometimes that both Bapti and Protestants, Jews and Turks, may be e barked in one ship, upon which supposal, affirm that all the liberty of conscience that I ev pleaded for turns upon these two hinges.

That none of the Baptists, Protestant Jews or Turks be forced to come to th ships' prayers or worship nor compelle from their our particular prayers or wo ships if they practice any I further a that I never denied that notwithstandi this liberty, the commander of the sh ought to command the ships' course, y and also command that justice, peace a sobriety to be kept, and practiced, b among the seamen and all the passenge if any of the seamen refuse to perfor their services, or passengers to pay th freight; if any refuse to help in person purse towards the common charges or fence, if any refuse to obey the comm laws and orders of the ship concerni their common peace or preservation, if shall meet and rise up against their c manders and officers if any should pre or write that there ought to be no c manders or officers because all are eq in Christ, therefore no masters nor offic no laws or orders, no correction nor p ishment. I say I never denied but in s cases whatever is pretended, the comm der or commanders may judge, resist, c pel and punish such transgressors, acco ing to their deserts and merits. Thi seriously and honestly minded may if it pleaseth the Father of lights let some li to such as willingly shut not their eyes. remain studious of your common pe and liberty. ROGER WILLIAM

The Tyranny of Furniture.

It is a folly to suppose, when a amasses a quantity of furniture, that i longs to him. On the contrary, it i who belongs to his furniture. He is b hand and foot by it—he is tied by leg to his own mahogany. He can move any where without dragging his fur ture after him; he cannot go abroad wi out previously finding a home for his fur ture; he cannot be absent for any ti without first taking every precaution his furniture will be properly provided in his absence. If he projects any li trip, the thought that always stops hi the door is, "What shall I do with my niture?" Many a man who boasts of freedom is the secret slave of his furnit No man can call himself perfectly who, whatever he does, or whereve goes, has, always to carry in his mi many chairs and tables.—*Punch.*

◆

A witty doctor said that tight lacin a public benefit, inasmuch as it kill the foolish girls, and left all the wis to grow to be women.

Miscellaneous.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Duffield's American Hams.

Just received at No. 8 Market Square.

THE DUFFIELD HAMS are justly celebrated as the finest article of the kind in the market. The inventor of the mode adopted in their cure, has received the highest testimonials wherever this ham has been exhibited, and the judges of the Great Exhibition of 1851, awarded it the prize medal, although brought into competition with the finest brands from Westphalia.

There is no ham so popular at all the large hotels in the country, as the *Duffield*, and wherever it is once introduced it becomes a decided favorite. Its qualities for flavor, texture, and tenderness, are unsurpassed; and as every ham is carefully packed in its case, they keep perfectly well through the entire year. Many persons prefer to keep them eighteen months before serving them, and when opened, after that lapse of time, none have yet been found to have deteriorated.

In this city the sale of *Duffield Hams* is large and many families, as well as the principal hotels, are now regularly supplied by CHARLES DUFFIELD & Co, Louisville, Ky, through

CHARLES SHERMAN & CO,

No. 8 Market Square, sole agents for Newport, who will fill all orders and supply the trade on reasonable terms. April 14—tf

J. H. Chappell,

HARNESS MAKER & TRIMMER.

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opened the store No. 18 Farewell, corner Malborough Sts, where he will keep constantly on hand, and make to order, of the best material and workmanship, all kinds of light and heavy Harnesses.

J. H. C. having had a practical experience in some of the principal cities of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, feels confident that he will be able to give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Persons can rely on the promptness of this establishment.

March 3, 1855—1y.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just opened at the old and well known store No. 94 Thames st, A large and well assorted stock of silver articles, Rich Plated and Britannia Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Tea Trays, Feather Dusters, Combs, Brushes, Gold, Silver, Fine Steel and Plated Spectacles.

—ALSO—

Gold Watch Chains and Keys, Rings, Ear-rings, Breast Pins, Lockets, Gold Pencils, Cuff Pins, Gold and Silver Thimbles and various other articles.

Orders for Silver Ware promptly attended to and the quality of the stock warranted standard, as it ever has been at my establishment, which is the oldest in the city.

April 28—8m WILLIAM S. NICHOLS.

TABLE COVERS, CARPETS, COUNTERPAINS, AND BLANKETS
CLEANSED.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method to inform his friends and the public that he will cleanse in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms, at his mill in the Glen —Carpets, Counterpains, Blankets, Table Covers, &c., &c. Persons in Newport wishing his services as above, may leave their articles at the Store of CORNELL & DENNIS', in Broad street, or JOHN AILMAN'S, in Spring street; or by leaving their address, articles will be taken at their dwellings and returned to them when finished.—All favors thankfully received

THOMAS GOULD.

Portsmouth, April 14, 1855—6m.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having entered into co-partnership under the firm of

BOSS & DAVIS,

will continue to furnish all kinds of

BREAD & CRACKERS,

of the best quality, wholesale and retail, at the lowest rates, at 205 Thames street.

ISAAC S BOSS,
SIMEON DAVIS.

Newport, April 8, 1854.—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he is thoroughly furnished for doing all kinds of teaming, moving, expressing, carrying and bringing freight. All orders will be punctually attended to and on the most reasonable terms. Having some of the best horses, waggons drays, &c, for doing all kinds of work, feels confident that he will not fail to give general satisfaction to all who may employ him. Orders left at the house No 7 School St. or at the stable corner of Leven and Thomas Sts. will be promptly attended to.

April 7 BENJAMIN BURTON.

BARBERING SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the store **No. 7 Thames street,** and fitted it up in a neat and commodious manner, is now prepared to execute all branches of the Barbering business, such as Shaving, Hair Cutting, Shampooing, Curling, &c. He would respectfully invite the former customers of Mr. Samuel Young, (having purchased his furniture, &c.) his friends and the public generally, to give him a call.

A. L. PIERCE,

Jan 20:—tf opposite E. A. Sherman's

S. T. HUBBARD'S
CARRIAGE DEPOT,
No. 18 Farewell St., Newport.

ORDERS received for CARRYALLS of various styles. Light BUGGIES, with and without tops. CHAISES of the latest styles. TOP and EXPRESS WAGONS, DRAYS, &c., made at short notice from the best material and at low prices.

N. B.—REPAIRING, attended to without delay.

April 21, 1855—1y.

DEVON BULL
POWHATTAN!

THE SUBSCRIBER having at considerable expense, procured a fine animal of the pure Devon breed, for the improvement of his own Cattle, will accommodate others who wish to raise good stock

Terms $3, payable in advance.
For Pedigree, see Herd Book.

THOMAS B. BUFFUM.

Middletown, 12th m, 23d, 1854.

Grass Seeds.

100 Bushels Mowed Timothy,
75 " reaped "
3500 lbs Clover,
200 bushels Borden seed
50 bags Red Top now on hand and for sale by

March 17. J H & G W PERRY.

POTATOE & TOMATO

JUST received at the Newport Market, a lot of new Potatoes and Tomatoes, Asparagus, Radishes, &c.

SISSON, BATEMAN & COGGESHALL.

May 12.

Children's Belts.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale low, forty dozen Children's Leather Belts, at 114 Thames st

April 14 JACOB WEAVER.

CITY COAL YARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a cargo of seasoned Pine Wood. Also a few cords of choice seasoned Walnut.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,
Williams' Wharf, foot of Dennison st.

May 19

Mohair Coronets---Another lot received at 81 & 83 Thames st.

May 19. CHAS. W. TURNER.

The Clear Starcher's Friend.

FOR giving a finished and beautiful gloss to all Linen, Muslin and Cotton Goods; it prevent collars falling from perspiration, or dust adhering as when starch alone is used. At

May 5 R. J. TAYLOR'S.

BRICKS.

THE subscriber having made an arrangement with one of the first Brick Yards in the country, for the sale of bricks, will have on hand all kinds by the cargo or in quantities to suit, and will sell them at the manufacturers lowest prices A suitable cargo is now discharging at Williams wharf.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,

June 3 Foot of Dennison St.

For Sale or To Let.

To Let for the Season.

A furnished house, containing 12 rooms, pleasantly situated on the East road, 5 miles from Newport, next south of Lawton's Ten House, with kitchen garden, Apply to

STEPHEN SHERMAN, on the premises.

June 16

For Sale,

AT J. PEARSON'S, 84 Broad St., a three seated double carriage, with side doors and steps, in complete order, and nearly new. [April 28.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE in Newport, R. I., at present occupied by Mr. Gilliat. Apply on the premises, of C. G GILLIAT.

FOR SALE.

TWO FARMS situated in Middletown, known as the "Sweet Farm," and the "Borden Wood Farm," now occupied by Wm. B. Sisson. The former contains 75 acres and the latter 100 acres. Apply to

W. W. HAZARD, Agent,

March 10. Bellevue House.

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell his lot of land lying in Middletown, about four miles from Newport. Said lot contains about twenty-two acres of good land and well watered, and is bounded Northerly on land formerly of Richard K. Randolph; Easterly on a highway called Gypsen Lane; Southerly on land of the late Peckham Anthony, and Westerly on land of Susan Chase. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber in Portsmouth.

Dec 23. ABRAHAM ANTHONY.

FOR SALE.

THE WINSLOW ESTATE, with a Dwelling House on Greene street, and the lot fronting on Pelham st. For terms apply to

Newport, july 15, 1854. GEO. BOWEN.

BANK SHARES FOR SALE.

FOUR SHARES of the Bank of Rhode Island for sale. Apply to the Cashier. nov 4.

LAND FOR SALE.

A LOT OF LAND containing about 1¾ acres on the West side of the main road and opposite the residence of Henry Gould. For term apply to

July 15. GEO. BOWEN.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,
and possession given 1st of April.

The estate which has been long and widely known as the High Street House has been put in complete order. The house is well calculated for either a Boarding House or Summer residence. It possesses advantages which are seldom found in one estate of the kind, having a piazza on the first and second stories, and other conveniences attached to the property. The lot on which it stands is large, and well furnished with fruit trees and shrubbery.

For further particulars apply to

March 17. NATHAN HAMMETT.

Stoves, &c.

Stoves, Tin Ware, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER has in store a large assortment of Parlor and Cook Stoves, Tin Ware of all kinds, Wooden and Willow Ware. Ranges of most approved pattern set with care, and warranted to work well. Jobbing punctually attended to. Orders solicited.

WILLIAM BROWNELL,

May 12. Opposite R. I. Union Bank.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have purchased the stock, &c, of Mr. Thomas P. Messer, and have entered into co-partnership under the firm of

J. B. LANGLEY, Jr., & CO.,

at the store No. 122 Thames street, and intend carrying on the Tin Plate and Sheet Iron business in all its branches.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

JOHN B. LANGLEY, JR.,
STEPHEN GODDARD,
FREDERICK A. BARLOW.

April 28, 1855.

Bathing Tubs.

A NEW style of childrens Bath Tubs, a first rate article, also Sit Baths, Hat Baths, Foot Tubs, &c. at 117 Thames street.

June 30. WM. H. BLISS.

STOVES.

THE Metropolitan, Roger Williams, Metropolis, Portland, and various other patterns of Cook, Parlor, Office and Ship Stoves, by

J. B. LANGLEY, Jr, & Co.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28

Furnaces & Ranges.

HOT AIR FURNACES and Cooking Ranges set and repaired, and jobbing of all kinds punctually attended to, by

J B LANGLEY, Jr, & CO.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28.

TINNED ROOFS.

ROOFS Tinned in the best manner, by

J B LANGLEY, Jr, & Co.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28

House Furnishing Goods.

TIN, Sheet Iron, Japanned, Britannia, Glass, Wooden, Willow Ware, Mats, &c, by

J B. LANGLEY, Jr, & Co.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28

Refrigerators.

A LARGE lot of Refrigerators for sale low at 117 Thames street.

June 9. WM. H. BLISS.

Traveling Directory.

OLD COLONY & FALL RIVER RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, *April 23*, 1855, Passenger Trains leave Boston for Neponset, 7 15, 8 10 8 45, 10 15 A M; 1, 2, 2 30, 3. 5 10, 5 45, 7, 7, 7 15, 9 45.

Quincy, S. Braintree, 7 30, 8 10, 10 A. M.; 2, 2 30 5 10, 6 40, 7, 9 30 P. M.

Bridgewater 7 30, A M; 2, 4 15, 5 30, 6 40, P M

Fall River 7 15, A M; 2, 4 15, 5 30, P M

Trains for Boston leave—

Plymouth 6 15, 9 20, A M.; 4 40, P. M.

Fall River 7, 11 45, A M.; 3 45, P. M.

Bridgewater 6 30, 8 04, A M.; 12 52. 4 55,

S. Braintree, 6 20, 7 08, 7 27, 8 30, 10 26, A M.; 1 42, 2 46, 5 48, P. M.

At the above hours, or on the arrival of Trains. Trains leave Myrick's for Fall River at 7 45 A. M., from New Bedford. Leaves Fall River at 5 30 P. M. for New Bedford.

The 7 15 A. M. Train from Fall River and the 4 15 P. M. Train from Boston will not stop at E and W. Bridgewater, Keith's Furnace, Campello nor at Stations North of Randolph.

Boston for Milton at 8 45 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, P. M.

For Boston at 6 25, and 10, A M.; 1 55 and 5 05, P. M.

Boston, 1855. GEO. HAVEN, Sup't

BAY STATE LINE OF STEAMERS.

METROPOLIS, Capt. William Brown, leaves Fall River for New York on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on arrival of 5 30 train from Boston Returning leaves New York, at 5 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

BAY STATE, Capt Jewett, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. From New York Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Both Boats touch at Newport each way, for New York at 8½ P M. and Fall River at 2 A. M.

The steamers on this route are the largest, most substantial and costly of any inland steamers on the American waters, having been built expressly for the route around Point Judith.

Instruction.

SELECT SCHOOL.

INSTRUCTION is given by BENJ E. THURSTON in all English Branches and the Classics. Terms $100 per annum.

Rooms in Church Street, next below Masonic Hall.

Residence corner of Mary and Thames Sts.

April 21—tf

Young Ladies School,
WASHINGTON SQUARE.

CIRCULARS giving particulars, with the highest references, may be obtained at the school.

May 5 A. DALTON, Principal.

Groceries.

EXTENSIVE
SPRING SUPPLY
—OF—

Choice and Fresh GROCERIES.

NEWTON BROTHERS invite the attention of their customers to the following choice stock of Fresh Family Groceries just received per sloop Rienzi from New York, which are offered at wholesale and retail in quantities to suit purchasers at the lowest market prices:

70 Bbls New Orleans Molasses,
60 Boxes Havana Sugar,
40 Bags Java, Rio Coffee and Mocha Coffee,
200 Packages Green and Black Teas,
50 Bbls Stewart's Refined Sugars,
5 Boxes standard Loaf Sugar,
25 Bbls Crushed and Ground Sugar,
20 Boxes Ground Coffee,
100 Bbls Superfine and Extra Flour,
200 Bags Extra Flour,
50 Small Bags Hominy and Samp,
10 Boxes Wheaten Grits and Farina,
25 Boxes Blue and Pearl Starch,
20 Cases Indigo and Fig Blue,
40 Boxes Castile and Fancy Soap,
100 Boxes Extra and No 1 Soap,
30 Boxes Patent and Adamantine Candles,
5 Bbls Smoked Beef and Tongues,
10 Casks Hams,
500 Bags Fine Salt,
5 Cases Table Salt,
15 Tubs Leaf Lard,
30 Boxes Cheese,
10 Tierces Prime Rice,
50 Boxes Refined Saleratus,
25 boxes Sup Carb Soda,
10 boxes Cream O'Tartar,
10 boxes Chocolate and Cocoa,
15 cases Baking Powder,
10 cases American and English Mustard,
25 Boxes Pepper sauce,
5 cases English Sauces and Pickles,
25 Baskets Olive Oil and Capres,
100 Boxes Bunch and Layer Raisins,
100 Half and Quarter boxes Raisins,
25 Kegs Raisins,
30 boxes Smyrna Raisins,
100 Drums Figs,
5 cases Prunes in fancy boxes and jars,
5 casks Currants,
20 Boxes Citron,
25 bbls Dried Apples,
5 bbls Dried Peaches and Plums,
5 bags Almonds,
10 boxes Lemons,
30 Boxes Pure Ground Spices,
20 Kegs Pure Ground Ginger,
5 Cases Nutmegs and Mace,
5 Bags Cloves Pimento, and Pepper,
10 boxes Lemon Syrup,
20 cases Maccaroni and Vermacelli,
5 Kegs Pearl Barley,
25 Boxes Fancy Crackers,
5 cases Preserves and Jellies,
10 bbls Elephant Oil,
20 bundles Brooms,
25 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco,
5 Cases Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,
20 Jars Maccoboy Snuff,
5 bbls Scotch Snuff,
100 Boxes Pipes,
200 Reams Wrapping Paper,
25 Bbls Cider and Wine Vinegar,
20 cases Wolfe's Schiedam Senapps,
25 casks Scotch Ale and London Porter,
100 Thousand Segars, &c, &c. [April 21

Lard,
Hams,
Shouders,
Smoked Beef,
Beef Tongues, at

April 29. STANTON'S.

ORANGES & LEMONS

A NEW SUPPLY of the above at

STANTON'S,

April 29. 98 Thames st.

SUGARS

A NEW SUPPLY of all grades and qualities at a low price. For sale by

R. H. STANTON,

April 20 98 Thames st.

FLOUR.

A NEW LOT OF DOUBLE EXTRA in bbls. and Hecker's, in 1-8 and 1-4 bags, at

98 Thames st.,

April 29. R. H. STANTON.

FRUITS.

RAISINS in Kegs and Whole; 1-2 1-4 Boxes Prunes, Dates, Figs, Citron. Dried Apples and Peaches, at STANTON'S,

April 29. 98 Thames st.

Bag Flour for sale by

March 10. J. H. & G. W. PERRY.

Lard—8 lbs. for one dollar, at

YOUNG'S,

May 19. Parade corner.

Sugars—All kinds just received at the Parade Corner Grocery.

May 19. H. H. YOUNG.

Teas—A fresh invoice (which for price and quality cannot be beat) just received at the Parade Corner Grocery.

May 19. H. H. YOUNG.

Dried Apples, Prunes, Peaches, Dates, Oranges, Lemons, Bird Seed, &c., on sale at the PARADE CORNER GROCERY.

May 19.

Providence Advertisements

MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Insure, Marine and Fire Risks on the most favorable terms.

The Capitol of said Company is $150,000, all paid in and invested in Bank Stock in the City of Providence.

DIRECTORS.

William Rhodes, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins Ebenezer Kelly, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, T D. Bowen, Allen O. Peck, Samuel Tobey, James T. Rhodes, Walker Humphrey.

B. ALLEN O. PECK, *President.*

WALTER HUMPHREY, *Secretary.*

Persons wanting insurance or information concerning said Company, will please apply at OFFICE, WHAT CHEER BUILDING, PROVIDENCE or GEORGE BOWEN, Esq., Newport.

Newport, July 3, 1852.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF SAFES
IN NEW-ENGLAND.
E. F. MILLER & SON,
No. 49 North Main Street, Arnold Block.

Manufacturers of Fire Proof Safes, Burglar Proof Bank Chests, Bank Vaults, Iron Doors and Shutters, and other Iron Work. Also, Dealers in all the most approved Powder and Burglar Proof Bank and Safe Locks.

Particular attention paid to the furnishing and fitting of Bank Locks, Bolts, Fastenings, &c. Safes made to order, of any size, and with inside arrangements to suit. All orders promptly executed.

SECOND HAND SAFES.—A few of other makers, taken in exchange for those of our make, for sale very low.

E. F. MILLER,
E. F. MILLER, Jr.

Providence, R. I., Sept 2, 1854.—1y

Paints, &c.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have entered into Co-Partnership under the firm of

GLADDING & SIMMONS,

for the purpose of carrying on the Painting and Glazing business in all its branches. They also intend to keep on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Sashes and Blinds, Paints, Oil, Glass, White Lead, &c., &c., at the lowest prices.

A share of public patronage is solicited at No. 21 Spring street.

WM. J. GLADDING,
LEWIS L. SIMMONS.

N. B. New Sashes exchanged for Old. Persons wishing anything in their line will do well to call.

All Orders promptly attended to.

Feb 17, 1855.—1y

NOTICE.

10,000 LIGHTS READY GLAZED. Sashes on hand and for sale at the LOWEST PRICES, at

GLADDING & SIMMONS',
No. 21 Spring st, nearly opposite

Feb 17 First Baptist Church.

Legal Notices.

AN ORDINANCE providing for the appointment of a City Solicitor and prescribing his duties.

It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newport, as follows:

Section 1. In the month of June annually, and whenever a vacancy in said office shall occur there shall be chosen by the City Council in Convention a Solicitor for the City of Newport who shall be a resident citizen thereof, and who shall be an Attorney and Counsellor of the State and who shall not hold any other office under the city, during the time for which he is elected.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said Solicitor by himself or by some person, by him duly authorized, for whose conduct, skill and faithfulness he shall be accountable to draft all bonds, deeds, obligations, contracts, leases, conveyances, arguments and other legal instruments, of whatever nature which may be required of him by any ordinance or order of the City Council, or of either Board thereof.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the City Solicitor to commence and prosecute all actions and suits to be commenced by the City before any tribunal in this State, whether in Law or Equity, and also to appear in defence and advocate the rights and interests of the City or of any of the officers of the City in any of said prosecution for any act or omission in the discharge of their official duties wherein any estate, right, privilege, ordinance or act or any breach of any ordinance may be brought in question. He shall also, when requested, act as Attorney or Counsel for any officer of the City in any prosecution or proceeding, which may be instituted by such officers for any breach of any of the laws of this State, or of any of the ordinances, orders or bye laws of the City. He shall also appear before the General Assembly or any Committees thereof, whether, either or both branches of the same, and there in behalf of the City, represent, answer for, defend and advocate the interests and welfare of the City, whenever the same may be directly or indirectly interested, or affected, whether to prosecute or to defend the same and he shall in all matters do every professional act incident to the office, which may be required of him by the City Council or either Board thereof, or any Committee thereof, or any Offices of the City, who may require it in the discharge of his official duties, with his legal opinion on any subject touching the duties of their respective offices or the rights, duties, and interests of the City.

Sec. 4. In full compensation for all the services of said Solicitor he shall receive an annual salary of three hundred and fifty dollars to be paid quarterly by the City Treasurer. In all cases however, when his attendance out of the city may be required of him, his reasonable travelling expenses shall be allowed him, and in all suits or prosecutions, he shall receive and retain such portions of the legal, taxable costs, which may be recovered of the adverse party, as according to the practice and usages of this State, as received and retained by the Attorney or Solicitor in such suits or prosecutions.

A true copy—attest:

July 7 B. B. HOWLAND, City Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, June 25, 1855.

JOSIAH O. BURDICK comes and in writing represents that he was appointed by this court at a court holden September 7, 1840, administrator with the will annexed on the unadministered part of the estate of

NATHANIEL BIRD,

formerly of Newport, Merchant, deceased, and was by said court ordered to give bond according to law, but that he never qualified himself to act, not having given bond as directed, and that there is property belonging to said estate which has not been administered upon and the executor has died, and there is no person now authorized to settle said estate, and praying that he, said Burdick, or some other suitable person may be appointed administrator with the will annexed of said Nathaniel Bird. The same is received and referred for consideration to a court of probate to be holden at the city clerk's office in Newport on Monday, the 23d of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M, and notice is ordered to be given thereof by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard thereon.

June 30. B B HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newport as follows:

Section 1. All assemblies of persons at the corners of the streets, or in public places in this city, whereby the peace is disturbed or the public thoroughfares obstructed shall be and are hereby declared to be unlawful, and any person or persons so assembling in violation of this ordinance shall for each and every offence forfeit and pay to and for the use of the city, a sum not exceeding two dollars to be recovered according to law.

Sec. 2. The Police, Watchmen and Constables of this city, are hereby required to notify all such unlawful assemblies as aforesaid to immediately disperse and if such command is not obeyed, to arrest all such offenders and commit them to the States Jail, to await due order of law. An ordinance passed by the City Council entitled an ordinance for the dispersing of unlawful assemblies at the corners of the streets is hereby repealed.

A true copy—attest:

July 7 B. B. HOWLAND, City Cl'k.

Wood & Coal.

Lyken's Valley Coal.

A cargo of this deservedly popular coal in prime order just received and for sale by

June 16 CHAS. WILLIAMS.

LYKEN'S VALLEY COAL.

JUST received a cargo of Lyken's Valley coal and for sale by WM. J. SWINBURNE.

May 12 Foot of Mary st.

English and Scotch Cannel Coal.

JUST Received a cargo of English and Scotch Coal, at WM. J. SWINBURNE'S.

June 9 wharf opposite foot of Mary st.

Seasoned Wood.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received two cargoes of very handsome, seasoned Oak Wood. Also a few cords of young, seasoned Walnut. I have on hand a supply of Pine Wood of a superior quality. All kinds of coal at reduced prices.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,

March 31. Williams' Wharf.

Miscellaneous.

TIMELY HINTS TO ALL.

How many have lost a father, a mother, a sister, a brother, or an innocent little prattling child —and have not even the shadow of a resemblance to look upon. After the separation some little toy or a trifling article of apparel, often is kept for years, and cherished as a token of remembrance how much more valuable would be one of Williams' perfect Daguerreotype Minatures of the "loved and lost."

Reader, perhaps you cannot do a better thing now, while your mind is upon the subject, than take an hour or two, and go by yourself, or with your family, or your friends, and visit the only artist in our town; and if not now, you may at some future period have reason to feel grateful for these "gentle hints" from

J. A. WILLIAMS,

Chair Manufactory.

THE SUBSCRIBER has taken the Hall over Mr. THOMAS STANHOPE'S store, corner of Thames street and Bannister's Wharf, directly opposite NEWTON BROTHERS, and is prepared to manufacture all kinds of Chairs in the best possible manner, and on as reasonable terms as at any establishment in this or any other State. He keeps constantly on hand every variety of Chairs, and at prices to suit the purchaser.

Cane and Flag Seat Chairs, repaired repainted gilded, &c. SAMUEL J. MARSH.

Newport, July 15, 1854.—tf

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the citizens of Newport and surrounding neighborhood, that they have made such arrangements with one of the largest importing and manufacturing establishments in New York, that every article in the line of paper hangings, pannellings and decorations, can be furnished at the cheapest rates, and at the shortest notice.

The nature of the arrangement is also such as that workmen of the first class will be sent by the said establishment, so that private houses, Hotels, Public Buildings, Churches, &c. will be contracted for and the work done within any given period agreed upon.

Dec 30. CORNELL & DENNIS.

London Split Peas, extra quality at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

Pickles, Capers, Pepper Sauce, Mushroom and Tomato Catsup, at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

SODS.

OF a very fine quality for sale by

April 7. HENRY E. TURNER.

Clothing.

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment
NO. 168 Thames Street

The subscriber, would respectfully invite the attention of the public, to his fashionable assortment of new Winter Goods consisting in part, of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS,

which will be sold at moderate prices, or made into garments of the *latest styles*, in the most *thorough manner.*

WILLIAM B. SWAN.

New Spring & Summer Goods,
JUST ARRIVED

CONSISTING OF Beaver and Pilot Cloths Devonshire, Kerseys, Petershams and Coating for Over Coats.

Broadcloths, of all Colors, Doeskins, Cassimers, Vesting, Vermont Cloths and Sattinets.

A large assortment of Trimmings of all kind Furnishing Goods of all descriptions to be Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!!

JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,

Oct. 23. Tailor & Draper

N. B. Cutting particularly attended to.

STEPHEN HAMMETT'S
Clothing Warehouse
No. 172 Thames Street.

THIS establishment is now supplied with a new and immense stock of

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Including every variety of Over Coats, Dress and Frock Coats, Pants, Vests, &c. all made of the best materials.

Attention is also invited to

FRNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.

in which I am prepared to exhibit and offer for sale a great variety of Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, India Rubber Goods, Oil Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.,

NOTICE.

THOS. C. MUMFORD, No. 173 Thames street, will sell his present stock of Cloths, Clothing, and Furnishing Goods, at REDUCED PRICES.

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!

I AM HAPPY to announce to the citizens of Newport, that I have made arrangements with the three most celebrated Hatters in New York—Beebe, Leary and Genin—to supply me with their Spring style of Hats, of the same style and quality that they sell at their counters in Broadway, and at the same price. Gentlemen, send in your old hats and exchange them for new ones.

J. H. COZZENS,

March 3. No. 152 Thames st.

Carpentering.

STEAM MILL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS wish to call the attention of their friends and the public generally to their Establishment on Tanner street, where they keep on hand and are constantly making Window frames, Sashes, Blinds, Doors and Fence capping, and Mouldings of every description. Plaining and Sawing of all kinds, such as Joist, Plank, Boards and Clapboards. All Work warranted.

Orders left with Messrs. FINCH & ENGS, will insure attention.

GIDEON LAWTON & CO.

Newport, Sept. 4, 1852.—1

BLINDS! BLINDS!!

READY MADE and made to order at the following prices:—

3x10	$1,50
8x12	1,62
9x13	1,70
10x14	1,75
10x15	1,85
10x16	1,95

Jan 6. S. MOFFITT.

DOORS, SASHES & BLINDS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand a large assortment at the lowest prices, at No, 3 & 5 Sherman street.

sept 23. SIMON MOFFIT.

Business Cards.

WILLIAM P. SHEFFIELD,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Office in the Rhode Island Union Bank Building,
May 7, THAMES STREET. 1853.

E. P. BEEDE,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
46 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT.
aug 5—tf.

R. H. STANTON.
DEALER IN
ROVISIONS, SHIP STORES, GROCERIES
TEAS, FRUIT, &c. &c.
At Store No. 98 Thames-st., opposite Colonnad Row.

Goods of any description forwarded to customers with despatch. Jan. 1

AUGUSTUS FRENCH,
DEALER IN
Bonnet and Millinery Goods.
No. 96, Thames Street.

C C VANZANDT
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW
Office in the Newport Mercury Building
No. 123 Thames Street, (Up Stairs.)

Hats and Caps.

Children's Hats and Caps.

A LARGE assortment of Children's Hats and Caps of the latest styles—received and for sale low by JACOB WEAVER,

April 14 114 Thames street.

Soft Hats.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale low, fifty dozen Soft Hats at prices from five dollars down to fifty cents, at 114 Thames street.

April 14 JACOB WEAVER.

Hats for Young Men.

JUST RECEIVED from Genin and Beebe their Spring style of Hats made expressly for young men. Also a superior quality of Genin's Soft Hats, at 152 Thames St,

March 10. J. H. COZZENS.

HATS.

T. C. MUMFORD has just received and will sell cheap for cash, a lot of Hungarian, Rock and Brush, Shanghai, Musk, Beaver and Otter Hats, and Wide Awakes. Also a lot of Boys' Hats from 62c. to $1. Also a good assortment of Mens', Boys' and Children's Caps.

May 12. Corner Market Square.

Gentlemen's Hats and Caps.

SPRING STYLES now ready from the best manufactories in New York and Boston, at 114 Thames street.

April 14 JACOB WEAVER.

Lumber Yards.

HARD & SOFT WOOD
LUMBER YARD.
NO. 60, LONG WHARF.

THE undersigned is now prepared to supply a
who may give him a call, with everything in
his line—and to his patrons
He would say—you'll be satisfied
With Stock and Price when both you've tried;
The stock is good, the price not high,
Compared to places where'er you buy.
I've got good Oak, and Ash I've too,
As good as ever in this world grew;
My Cherry is most excellent good,
There never was a better wood—
Black Walnut cannot here be beat
For Counter, Table, or Tete-a-Tete;
White Wood is so very good,
I cannot keep much if I would.
They buy it off and wish me well,
And hope I'll always to them sell.
Flooring is cheap and very good stuff,
And is not measured in the 'rough;'
And such as want and have none on hand,
Please come and buy it at my stand.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK.

Newport, March 31, 1855.

LUMBER.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having purchased the stock and leased the wharf of the well known stand for the past forty years as

HAMMETT'S LUMBER YARD,

would take this method of informing the public that it will be continued under the same name, and extending the invitation to past patrons of the establishment and to all others who may need materials of kinds usually kept at such an establishment to call, assuring such that no pains will be spared to accommodate, and on as liberal terms as at any other establishment.

ALBERT & JOHN R. HAMMETT.

July 15, 1854.—tf

NUMBER ALTERED.
New England Truss Manufactory.
JAMES FREDERICK FOSTER.
MANUFACTURER OF
Ratchet and Spiral Tusses.
533 *(Opposite 516) Washington Street,* **533.**
BOSTON, MASS.

ALL the various approved TRUSSES constantly on hand.

☞ Ladies waited on by Mrs. CAROLINE D. FOSTER, who has had *twenty years'* experience in the business.

TESTIMONIALS.

The following certificate from Dr. John C. Warren of Boston, was given 19 years since, but will last forever;

BOSTON, January 5, 1835.

Having had occasion to observe that some persons afflicted with Hernia, have suffered much from the want of a skilful workman in accommodating Trusses to the peculiarities of their cases, I have taken pains to inform myself of the competency of Mr. J. F. Foster, to supply the sufficiency occasioned by the death of Mr. Beath.—After some months of observation of his work, am well satisfied that Mr. Foster is well acquainted with the manufacture of these instruments, and ingenious in accommodating them to the variety of cases which occur. I feel called upon to recommend him to my professional brethren, and to the public as a person well fitted to supply their wants in regard to these important articles. JOHN C. WARREN M. D. Boston.

The undersigned take great pleasure in recommending to the favorable consideration of those who are unhappily afflicted with Hernia, Mr. James Frederick Foster, as a skilful and competent person in the manufacture and fitting of Trusses. We have employed him (some of us over twenty years) and therefore speak from personal knowledge of his abilities His early advantages, his long experience in the business, and the large number of individuals whom he has relieved in a variety of cases, render him, in our opinion, equal, if not superior, to any manufacturer of the article. His father, Dea. Gideon Foster, of Charlestown, was master of the poor house in that town for upwards of twenty-four years, during which period Mr. Foster availed himself of the opportunity, and made application of Trusses to a great variety of cases, with great success, some of which were of a very complicated and distressing character.

It is well known to all who have occasion to wear a Truss, that its great excellence consists in its adaption to the body, at the same time relieving the patient. Any ordinary mechanic may make a Truss, but none but a skilful practitioner can apply it in such a manner as effectually, and oftentimes radically cure the compaint.

Our experience has convinced us that Mr. Foster has thoroughly attained this knowledge. The certificates of Dr. J. C. Warren, and other eminent physicians, which he has shown to us, fully sustain the opinion we here express.

David Dodge, aged	72	Sam'l Ethridge, aged	53
Newhall Martin, "	78	Arnold Southwick, "	48
Jas. R. Turner, "	40	Jonathan Locke, "	66
Sam'l Payson, "	72	Uriah Tufts, "	57

Charlestown, March 1, 1847.

The subscriber has a list of 9000 names that have bought Trusses of him within the last thirty years, living in all parts of the United States.

☞ Persons ordering these Trusses by mail, and giving dimensions, and say right or left, can have them sent to any part of the country, by express, and at just the price they are willing to pay; $2 to $4 single, $4 to 6 double.

J. FREDERICK FOSTER.

The above Trusses are for sale in Newport by HAZARD & CASWELL. july 15, 1854.—1y

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
Compound Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, removing all diseases arising from excess of Mercury, exposure and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional disease, arising from an impure state of the Blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Tetter, Pimples on the Face, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin.

This article is now prescribed by some of the most distinguished Physicians in the country, and has proved more efficient in practice than any preparation of Sarsaparilla yet offered to the public. Several cases of secondary Syphilis, Mercurial and Scrofulous diseases have entirely recovered in the incurable wards of our Public Institutions which had for many years resisted every mode of treatment that could be devised. These cases furnish striking examples of the salutary effects of this medicine in arresting some of the most inveterate diseases, after the glands were destroyed, and the bones already affected.

NOTICE.—Letters from responsible Physicians and Professors of several Medical Colleges, and certificates of cures from patients will be found accompanying both Preparations.

Prepared and sold by H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist, 263 Chestnut Street, near the Girard House, Philadelphia.

To be had of R. J. TAYLOR, Newport, And of Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

All letters directed to the Proprietor or Agent receive immediate attention.

July 7.—1y

Boots & Shoes.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of Clark Burdick & Co, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having unsettled accounts with said firm will please to present the same to Clark H Burdick, who is fully authorized to settle the same.

CLARK BURDICK.

Newport, Dec 30, 1854.

The subscriber having purchased the interest of Clark Burdick in the late firm of Clark Burdick & Co, will continue the business of Boot & Shoe manufacturing at the old stand, No. 275 Thames street.

Dec 30. C. H. BURDICK.

Boots and Shoes.

THE SUBSCRIBER having replenished his stock of fashionable Boots and Shoes, begs leave to call the attention of his friends and the public to the various articles in his line adapted to fall and winter wear, consisting of heavy Boots, Bootees, Gaiters of different kinds and make, Shoes of all qualities and sizes, and a general assortment of goods of the most desirable styles, all of which are offered at the lowest market rates.

sept 30.—tf JOHN N. POTTER.

Piano Fortes.

PIANO FORTES.

PERSONS desiring Piano Fortes tuned can be accommodated *promptly* by leaving their orders at Ward's Book Store, No. 99 Thames street.

Piano Fortes KEPT in playing order by the year. Wires also repaired. [Feb 10.

PIANOS.

INDIVIDUALS wishing to hire Piano-Fortes for the season will do well to call at WARD'S Book and Music Store, 99 Thames street, formerly occupied by William H. Peek. May 12.

Millinery

Ladies Straw Bonnets and Gents Hats of every description cleaned and pressed in as good style as can be done in this state. Also Shaker Hoods and Gents Wide Awake Hats, at 97 Thames St,

April 21 AUGUSTUS FRENCH.

HAT.

JUST received at 86 Thames street, a new style of Boys' Leghorn Hats and French Lace Caps, large sizes.

June 23. F. H. GREENE.

GREENE'S Straw Bonnet and Hat Bleachery. Gentlemen, now is the time to get your Hats bleached and pressed, and also bear in mind that GREENE does up his Panama Hats without the use of acids, and warrants the color to last longer and the Hat to look ten per cent whiter than those done with acids. Don't forget the number, 86 Thames St

April 21.

French Artificial Flowers.

OPENING this day — a large lot of French Artificial Flowers, which will be sold as low as can be purchased in the city of the same quality. F. H. GREENE,

April 21 86 Thames Street.

MILLINERY

A RICH ASSORTMENT OF
RIBBONS,
AND OTHER
MILLINERY GOODS,
AT A. SHERMAN'S, 261 *Thames street.*

Medicines.

A MARVELLOUS REMEDY!
FOR A MARVELLOUS AGE!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

THE GRAND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthmas, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints that cannot be reached by other means.

ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM & SCORBUTIC HUMORS.

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the Skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. No case of Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, can long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

SORE LEGS, SORE BREASTS, WOUNDS & ULCERS.

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumors. Professor Holloway has, by command of the Allied Governments, dispatched to the hopitals of the East, large shipments of this Ointment, to be used under the direction of the Medical Staff, in the worst cases of wounds. It will cure any ulcer, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of twenty years' standing.

PILES AND FISTULAS.

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions	Sore Legs
Burns	Sore Breasts
Chapped Hands	Sore Heads
Chilblains	Sore Throats
Fistulas	Sores of all kinds
Gout	Sprains
Lumbago	Scalds
Mercurial Eruptions	Swelled Glands
Piles	Stiff Joints
Rheumatism	Ulcers
Salt Rheum	Venereal Sores
Skin Diseases	Wounds of all kinds

⁂ Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers of Medicines throughout the United States, and the civilized world, in boxes, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

June 9, 1855.

"SIR ANDREW—But my hair becomes me well.'

Sir Toby—"Excellent; it hangs like flax on a distaff."—*Shakspear.*

If you would lay your "*fleece of wooly hair,*" and, instead of being the butt of Sir Toby's jest become the admiration of all by the "paining ravishing hue" of your hair, such as "Helen spied on Troilus," use Spalding's Inimitable ROSEMARY HAIR OIL. It is compounded by a regular chemist, not alone as a beautifier, but as a cleanser of the scalp and invigorator and restorer of the hair; imparting to it a freshness and lifelike lustre which no other article can give. It forces the *beard* and *whiskers* to grow and gives them a rich appearance; restores gray hair to its original color, and prevents it from turning gray. Sold by R. J. TAYLOR,

Jan 20. 102 Thames st

Wines and Liquors---Fine old Cognac Brandies, Pale and Dark do, Holland Gin, St. Croix Rum, Madeira, Old Port, Sherry, Malaga, Lisbon, Mountain, Claret, Pale Sherry, Sicily and other Wines, and Basket Champagne Bottled Liquors of all kinds. Also a full assortment of domestic Liquors. The above Liquors to be sold in quantities not less than a pint.

H. H. YOUNG'S,

March 24 Parade corner.

Amandine.

FOR the cure and prevention of chapped hands. For sale by

Dec 9. HAZARD & CASWELL.

Plumbing, &c.

N. M. Chafee,
PRACTICAL PLUMBER
210 THAMES STREET,
two doors north of Custom house

HAS constantly on hand a variety of Force and Lift Pumps, of his own manufacture, which he warrants equal, if not superior to any before offered in this market.

Also, Water Closets, Wash Bowls, Croton and Cochituate Faucets, and every description of Plumbing materials of various qualities and prices, as cheap as can be bought elsewhere.

Also, Pure block Tin Pipe, warranted not to injure the water in any way and fitted in the best style to Pumps and all other purposes.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead of various sizes on hand, also, all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings made to order. Ship Castings of all kinds on hand and made to order at short notice.

All orders attended to with neatness and dispatch and all work *Warranted.* Jan. 22.

JAMES W. LYON,
PLUMBER, BRASS FOUNDER & COPPER SMITH
No. 236, THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.

HAVING FITTED UP his extensive Establishment in the best manner to display his varied assortment, calls attention to his Water Closets, Pumps of Copper and Iron, from the single action to the double forcing, and the superior Chain Pumps with curbs of his own pattern (highly approved) together with hot and cold shower Baths, vertical Boilers, arranged on the most approved plans, Wash Bowls of every variety, lead pipe, Silver Basin Fausets of every pattern and style conceived off—all of which are now offered to the public at the lowest market prices and fitted in a satisfactory manner.

Particular attention paid to SHIP PLUMBING and CASTINGS, and arrangements have been made with the manufacturers in Boston to furnish every variety of Gutta Percha, in pipes or in sheets which will be fitted to any use at the shortest notice.

Grateful for past favors, he hopes by strict attention to his business to merit the approbation of his customers. All work warranted not to fail until worn out. April 17, 1855.

LOCK-SMITH
—AND
BELL HANGER.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having removed from N. M. Chafee's establishment, to the rear of No. 5 JOHN STREET, is now prepared to carry on all the branches of his business as lock-smith and bell-hanger. He keeps constantly on hand every variety of bells, locks, and keys, of the most approved patterns, which are furnished at the lowest rates, and all work warranted.

JOHN GLYNN,

Sept 13—tf. No. 210 Thames Street.

GAS FIXTURES
AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to attend at short notice to the wants of those who wish to introduce Gas in their dwellings. I have a large assortment of Gas Fixtures direct from the manufacturers at New York and Boston. Please call and examine my stock at No 117 Thames st.

W. H. BLISS.

Terms CASH, except by special agreement.

April 14—tf

Dried Apples, Peaches and Plums at 22 Broad street.

July 28. CORNELL & DENNIS.

Newport Mercury.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1855.

The war now raging in the Celestial Empire can in no way effect us, unless we take into consideration the occasional but slight checks it may give to the exports of the principal article of commerce—tea—and the annoyance the small number of our countrymen, who reside there, may experience from time to time: yet distant as the scene may be and small as the tie is that has even bound us to so strange a people, there is nevertheless much to interest us in the struggle now going on. The war is emphatically a religious one and the aim of the leader is to establish the christian religion, as now imperfectly understood by himself and followers; but behind this the universal hatred of the Tartar dynasty (which has ruled the empire upwards of two hundred years) is the spur that goads on the descendants of ancient families to drive the Manchoos from China, and exterminate the false priests of Buddha. The Manchoos have held the most determined sway from the date of their final conquest, in the name of the infant Shum-chi, in 1646, and with the exception of a short period, about 1700, during the reign of Kang-hi, and under the liberal government of Tao-Kouang, who died in 1850, the christian religion has been strictly prohibited at Pekin and other portions of the Empire.

But notwithstanding the harsh measures the Emperors have always seen fit to adopt towards the teachers of a loftier creed and a stricter code of morals than they had established as a standard in the Empire, the germ has long been there—how long it is not for man to say; possibly for a thousand years, for the insurgents say that at such a period a copy of the bible was taken to Pekin, probably by the Nestorians, and multiplied copies have been preserved by the people. In the Chinese writings upon the subject there is to be found a general and correct account of the leading events recorded in the bible, free from party symbolism and conventional language, and without comment or inference.

Whether the word of God was thus early planted; or, as has been affirmed, the seed was sown through the instrumentality of native converts, it has certainly taken deep root; and this fact in itself would lead one to the belief that it is no new thing in the Empire; for the Chinese have a superstitious reverence for antiquity and a great aversion to anything that conflicts with ancient customs and tenets, and LEANG-AFA, the insurgent leader, the better to insure the co-operation of the people, impressed them with a belief that the worship of the true God (Shang-ti) is simply a return to the true faith, a revival of the original Chinese worship which prevailed in the auspicious days of THANG, who resigned about three hundred years before the Christian era. And in his exhortation he says of the true faith that "various foreign nations have practiced this truth up to the present time, while the Chinese practiced it only up to the TSIN and HA dynasties; since which times they have erroniously followed the devil's ways, and allowed themselves to be deceived by the King of Hades."

The leader of the insurgents is evidently a fanatic. He has travelled from place to place since 1835, filling the minds of the people with new truths and in various ways exciting them to revolt. His writings have been widely distributed, and he has gained a powerful influence over the minds of his countrymen, who look upon him as the liberator of their country. He disclaims all titles and yet invests himself with a certain mystery, almost as marked and quite as potent as that which shrouded the veiled prophet of Khorassan. And while he declares that the Lord has commissioned him to redeem his people, in his regulations of the army he enjoins "the careful observance of the Deity, of the ten commandments, and of all the morning, evening and thanksgiving services. A careful abstinence from smoking, drinking, and insubordination; a constant avoidance of misrepresentation and misappropriation, separation of the sexes, and refraining from wandering out of the camp."

Thus the strictest observance of the laws of the only true God are strangely mixed up with pretended visions, revelations and personal interpositions of the Almighty. But this is not in the least surprising. The Chinese have long been subject to the priests of Buddha and their degrading worship, and it is to be expected that old, and, with them, time honored customs, should find their way into the worship they have but recently been taught. If the revolution succeeds and the insurgents firmly establish themselves, enlightened teachers will be admitted to expound the word, and the light, long hid under a bushel, will burst forth in all its glory, to pervade and illumine a land that for countless ages has grovelled in Pagan darkness.

The project of steam communication with the Mediterranean, so often agitated, has now a better aspect than it has heretofore presented, owing, as we learn from the *Washington Union*, to the interest the Austrian Government has taken in the subject, through the Austrian Consul-General, at New York, and the new Minister of Finance. It is proposed to construct three first-class steamships of thirty-two hundred tons, and one thousand horse-power, to run between New York and Trieste, making fifteen trips per annum, each way, touching at Corfu, Malta, Algiers, Cadiz and Lisbon. The vessels would carry the mails, passengers and goods from the East, received by the LLOYD's steamers, and those of the Oriental Steam Navigation Company, and probably those of a greater part of the cities and ports of the Mediterranean to the United States, and *vice versa*. The running time west from Trieste to New York would be twenty days and fourteen hours, and east from New York to Trieste nineteen days and five hours, including stoppages. The steamers would be built in New York, but sail under the Austrian flag.

Where is Doctor GORAUD?

The *Boston Journal* says that in view of the large yield of bread which a kind benefactor has bestowed upon the nation, it would well become the nation to return thanks for such benificent favors, and suggests that a day of thanksgiving be set apart by the Executive of the United States—a call that certainly should have a hearty response. From all parts of the country we hear of the harvesting on a scale almost without a parallel in the history of the States, and the growing crops are in a most promising condition. With our barns well filled, no sickness, want or suffering, but peace, plenty and prosperity attending on our steps, the hearts of men should turn to the giver of all and offer grateful thanks for the blessings vouchsafed.

George I, on a journey to Hanover, stopped at a village in Holland, and while the horses were getting ready, he asked for two eggs, for which the King was charged two hundred florins. "How is this?" said his Majesty; "eggs must be very scarce in this place." "Pardon me," said the host, "eggs are plenty enough, but Kings are scarce." The King smiled at the answer, and ordered the money to be paid.

We wonder if there is a locality anywhere about, to which the above could not be applied at certain seasons of the year?

DICKENS in his *Household Words*, says the twenty-five thousand ton ship, now building by SCOTT, RUSSELL & Co., it is expected will make a trial trip to the United States and back, next Spring, in the space of a fortnight. If so, she will have to make a harbor at Newport, for no other port on the coast has a sufficient depth of water.

WHAT NEXT? It is proposed to dig a tunnel for a railroad track under Niagara River at Black Rock, near Buffalo. Its length will be twenty-four hundred feet, on a descent of seventy-five feet per mile on each side, and the estimated cost is half a million of dollars. The river is twenty feet deep at the proposed locality, and its bed is of solid limestone.

It is stated that Dr. CHAS. H. BROWN, has obtained a verdict of sixteen thousand dollars damage against the New York and New Haven Railroad Company for injuries received. He claimed twenty thousand dollars.

In the report, now published, of the last annual meeting of the Massachusetts Colonization Society, there is much to interest and encourage all who desire to see Liberia prosper, and the number of emigrants to that young republic constantly increasing. The past year, owing to the embarrassed state of the country, has been one of peculiar trials to the cause of colonization, but the work nevertheless was progressed, and emigrants have been forwarded faster than they could be provided with accommodations on their arrival. Several ample and convenient receptacles are wanted and should be forwarded without delay, as the best means of providing against the sickness now experienced by many on first landing in Africa. The reports from Liberia are most encouraging, and show the country to be rapidly advancing in agriculture and commerce.—The coffee plantations are spoken of as among the finest in the world; the sugar plantations are also increasing in number and extent, and the natives not only obtain palm-oil from the interior, but are turning their attention to many articles that were formerly deemed worthless by them. Nature is most bountiful to those who make their home there, and he who cannot exist comfortably ought almost to suffer, for his poverty must be occasioned by criminal negligence and indolence. Three hills of the African Cocoa will yield three flour-barrels full of tubers of better quality than our potato, and this excellent root requires no culture beyond the simple act of planting. Coffee is a native product. Cotton is also a product, and palm-oil has long been a staple on the coast. And the importance of the trade of Liberia, as it is, and may be, can be gathered from the report already referred to. We cannot go into this subject at present or follow it at length, but the following extract will show what value is set upon that trade by other nations that would gladly monopolize it:—

"Liberian commerce is more than doubling itself every five years. Its actual degree of progress does not appear, because a very considerable share of the exports is made through the English trading posts that have been established between Cape Palmas and Monrovia and at native towns. English merchants make a practice of selling goods to the natives at these places, and receive in exchange all the products of the country. A very large proportion of the native products never go through the custom-house at all; but it is undeniable, judging even by the imperfect statements of the yearly value of this commerce, that it is exceedingly profitable, and is growing in value. The English, the French, and the Dutch are all striving to obtain the monopoly of the trade. The natives, incited by the hope of gain, and finding that they could render materials productive which they had been accustomed to discard as worthless, had begun to save.—The palm nuts, which they formerly threw away, are now carefully gathered up, and cracked; and the kernel, which is full of a delicate oil, commands a good price, and is largely exported. Large quantities of these nuts are exported to France, and the oil from them has, in several instances, found its way to the United States, as the finest quality of olive oil. [A Liberian claims the extraction of this oil as his invention."]

We learn from the *Providence Journal* that the City Council have passed a vote to erect a City Hall, that shall not exceed in cost the sum of two hundred thousand dollars. The plan we have had the pleasure of examining, and hesitate not to say that if strictly carried out the edifice will be one of the most chaste and imposing in the country. It was designed by T. A. TEFFT, Esq., whose taste and judgment in such matters has long been established; and the site is on Dorrance Street and Exchange Place. The length of the building will be one hundred and twenty-two feet, with a general width of sixty feet, and central projections, front and rear, of six feet. It is to be elevated on a terraced walk, five feet above the sidewalk; to be three stories high: the lower or basement story with twelve feet ceiling, the second story sixteen feet, and the third story twenty-two feet ceiling. The building and terraces are to be of red sandstone, with wrought iron floor beams and girders, and wrought iron roof, such as the United States Government are now using. The floors to be of stone or tiling; window frames of cast iron, and inside shutters for all the windows in the basement, and all others exposed to fire in the neighborhood, to be of iron. The interior of the building will be divided into the several offices necessary to accommodate all the departments of the city government, and the spacious room in the third story will be devoted to the City Council and Board of Aldermen. The estimated cost of the building is one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

We recently had an opportunity of inspecting the new Howard Hall, also one of Mr. TEFFT's designs, on the site of the hall of the same name, destroyed by fire. It is a large and capacious room, of fine proportion, well lighted and ventilated, and to a limited extent decorated with positive colors. We should rejoice to see such a building erected in Newport.

The *Deseret News* of the latest dates says that the grasshoppers have destroyed the larger part of the crops in that valley, and urges the farmers to wait two or three weeks, till the pest is passed, and then plant again. From the same paper we learn that eighteen hundred converts to Mormonism had left Liverpool for that city, and that thirteen hundred more were waiting passage from that port.—Mormonism is certainly deluding thousands, but to a reasoning mind it would seem impossible that the infatuated followers of the new prophet could long remain firm in the faith, after reaching the Western Mecca.

In Austria they have certainly set an example that it would be well for us to follow, the government having requested the directors of the railways in the empire to plant young trees, of a description indicated, at convenient distances along the lines, intending them to replace eventually the posts upon which the telegraphic wires are at present affixed. The improvement would certainly be very great, and we could well exchange a line of bare poles for handsome ornamental trees.

During a portion of the week the weather has been warm for Newport, but at no time has it been over eighty-six, while we see that our Boston friends have been melting, the thermometer standing at 102. Oh! All ye who are parched and almost burnt to a crisp, turn your steps to this cool spot, where the breezes from the sea temper the air by day and make the nights perfectly luscious. There is still room to spare, but think not to have a choice of apartments in August.

On Monday evening last, the body of a child, about eight years of age, was found in the dock at Messrs. PECKHAM & BULL's wharf, and on inquiry it proved to be that of a son of Mr. JOHN BATES. The boy was missed on Sunday.

We are surprised that the number of children drowned is so small, for they love to congregate about the wharves and are never happier than when paddling about in a skiff or small boat.

First part of next month the New York Yacht Club will rendezvous at Newport, as we learn from the *Courier & Enquirer*. The fleet will number a dozen or more, including the new yacht Widgeon, owned by Commodore EDGAR.

There are two or three yachts here at the present time, and the harbor already presents an animated scene of a pleasant afternoon.

Within a week or two quite a number of *large* bass have been taken with the hook, and occasionally we hear of a brace or two of good sized tautog captured; the latter, however, are comparatively rare, and it will be long we fear before we shall see the good old times of fishing again. The market is principally supplied with blue-fish.

The City Document, for the years 1854-55, is now printed in a handsome and convenient form, and the pamphlet is being very generally distributed. It contains the Address of the late Mayor, Reports of Committees, and Ordinances passed during the past year.

The Canonicus is again running in the Bay, see advertisement, and is prepared to accommodate all who may patronize her. The Canonicus is every way an excellent boat, and is already well known on the river.

The Rev. Dr. HOWE will officiate in Zion Church to-morrow.

The steamer Perry has reduced her fare to 25 cents.

[*Correspondence of the Boston Transcript.*]

NEWPORT, Rhode Island,
July 14, 1855.

Dear Transcript: The arrival of the Germanians this week, proclaims the commencement of the season; and the genial face of the leader, as he reappeared on the piazza of the Atlantic, was a harbinger of musical delight to young and old. The red flag, a signal for the precipitate retreat of 'the woman kind' from the beach, in a way that would delight the celibate heart of old Monkbarns,—begins to be watched for with eagerness by the other gender during these sultry noontides.

The line of carriages to 'Bateman's,' 'The Glen,' and 'The Fort,' lengthens perceptibly every afternoon; more than one graceful yacht lies with her impatient wings furled, in the beautiful harbor; black waiters in white jackets have to tramp faster from the table to pantry, at each succeeding *table d'hote*; Tennant's white hat, prophetic of numberless cabs and stages, is more and more ubiquitous with the arrival of every boat; the wagon labelled 'for the fishing ground direct,' takes its place every morning to tempt neophytes with visions of enormous bass and a chowder lunch on some torrid rock; Dr. Peckham has issued an oriental *ukase*, wherein the advantage of vapor baths are attested by every kind of authority, from Dr. Madden to N. P. Willis; grotesque bathing-dresses and straw hats are flaunting in Thames street; fast young men perched on high wheels, raise a dust as of- [illegible] own conceit, candidates for bellship trip across hotel entries, to display bewitching 'flats' and neat ankles; registers filled up more rapidly, and are conned more attentively in the morning; the English papers are in constant demand at the club; pews in old Trinity, deserted all winter, are alive, on Sunday, with the newest Paris flowers, and the oldest China fans; old gentlemen read the papers or discuss Sebastopol, on shady verandahs; young ones lounge and smoke in white duck; the guitar man and the organist collect a juvenile audience without trouble, and the latter's monkey is cross from fatigue in receiving such a harvest of pennies; dowagers sit stately in the large hotel drawing-rooms in the evening, and to those who have nieces or grand-daughters, the old beaux are devoted; the quiet of this quaint old town is broken by the crack of whips, the thrumming of tuneless pianos, and rumbling of coaches; ringlets are untwisted by fogs; trees wave in the south-west wind; the people grow sleepy with the sea air; are not these veritable signs that the season has commenced?

Dante makes the internal regions a very sociable place; but this is a great poetic license, for, when the thermometer ranges above a certain point, it is a measure of self-preservation to keep as still and as isolated as possible, or like Cowper's 'kindred drops,' we should infallably be 'melted into one.' The great advantage of this place, in summer, is that the atmosphere by ensuring comfort, gives scope to social enjoyment.

As to the materials just now afforded you may judge by a few of the agreeable people one can see within the circuit of a mile and a half. Hon. Edward Everett, as the guest of George Bancroft, has made a score or two of old friends happy, by his delightful conversation, ripe with scholarship, and mellowed with kindliness; Longfellow is domiciled within a short distance of where I am now writing—ever the genial companion and accomplished gentleman; down at the point is Boker, the best living American dramatist, with a head like Byron, and a heart of courtesy like some of the chivalrous characters, in the old English dramatists, he so loves; in a beautiful cottage, with a lawn such as would not shame Devonshire, lives Geo. H. Calvert, the author of the most thoughtful books of travel and the most original lectures yet produced in this country.

Among yonder thickly nestled houses dwells Rev. C. T. Brooks, whose "German Lyrics" you well know; he is a holy brother of the angle, a charming mixture of the poet, the scholar, and the fisherman: in Pelham street, snugifies (to use one of Charles Lamb's words) Dr. Choules, who knows everybody, and is equally famed for prayers, sermons, and the narrative faculty. Rev. Mr. Thayer, of the Presbyterian Church, has a face Vandyke would have painted with zest; a mind enriched by large and varied culture, and of rare, original force. Mr. Mercer, the new Episcopal clergyman, was lately the accomplished Professor of Moral Philosophy in the University of Pennsylvania. Of artists, we have Staigg, the excellent miniature painter; Kensett, whose rocks and waterfalls are unsurpassed in this country; White, from your city, who has brought hither his interesting portrait of Humboldt; Miss Jane Stuart, daughter of the renowned Gilbert; Lawrence, whose crayon heads are so highly appreciated in Boston; Miss Stebbins, whose skill in the same sphere is recognized in New York; Mrs. Dassell, a clever German lady, who excels in pastels, and Brewerton, who exhibits Rocky Mountain scenery.

Of books and pictures, there are the Redwood Library and Hammond's Circulating one, for the former; and of the latter, we have Stuart's Washington, in the State House, and Malbone's "Hours;" and, in private dwellings, on the island, are Allston's Jeremiah, The Fisher Boy, Proserpine, and numerous busts of Powers, pictures by Sir Thomas Lawrence, Leutze, several of the German school, and fine copies from the Italian. The widows of our naval heroes, Lawrence and Perry, reside here; so at present do the fair and clever authors of "Amabel" and "Passion Flowers;" in the "Mercury" office is the press at which Benjamin Franklin worked; on Quaker hill the entrenchments thrown up by General Sullivan in his masterly retreat before the superior forces of the British; Berkley's house and farm remain intact; so do Washington's head-quarters, and those whence Prescott, the English General, was abducted so cleverly by the Yankees; and three miles off is the bay where Commodore Talbot surprised and captured the "Pigot."

Thus you see, literature, art, and history are adequately represented at Newport, and if any of your friends should be tempted to explore for themselves, commend to them "the Atlantic" and my excellent host, J. B. Weaver. His house has been thoroughly renovated; he has secured an admirable cook, and his establishment is arranged with a view to real comfort. It stands on the highest land in the town; has the most airy piazzas, overlooks the old mill lot, from which the high fence is now removed, and altogether, offers the most pleasant home and truly desirable quarters.

CLIFTON.

CABBAGE WITH CORN.—Dr Brooks, of Princetown, Mass., at the last Legislative agricultural meeting in Boston, alludes to the practice of planting cabbage among Indian corn. He knew an instance where cabbage were planted in alternate rows with corn, and the cabbage sold for $150 per acre.

SPIRITUALISM. The mischief which this wretched delusion has done, and is still doing, is almost incalculable. We are often called upon to record instances of its evil workings. The Boston papers a day or two since contained an account of a young lady, formerly a teacher in one of the public schools, who has gone mad through a belief in that doctrine. And another instance has just come to our knowledge. It is that of a highly intelligent lady, who one year ago was living in Boston in comparative ease and luxury, surrounded by all the endearments of domestic bliss. But suddenly a change came over her husband. He became infatuated with the company or a circle of "spiritualists," and gradually neglected his wife and children. His evenings were no longer spent at his own domestic, hearth-stone. At last wife was forsaken, children were neglected, home was deserted. The infatuated husband said that he had a "vison," wherein it was revealed to him that he must forsake his wife and childrenand become the "spiritual husband" of a certain "medium" with whom he was intimately acquainted. And this he did—forsaking the true partner of his heart—the woman he had solemnly covenanted to watch over and protect "until death them should part." The deserted wife was thus left to her own exertions for means of supporting herself and her three children. She is now residing in a neighboring city, where she manages to earn a livelihood by dressmaking; while her husband, she says, is living in elegant [illegible] fashionable hotel, with [illegible] "spiritual wife."—*Journal of Commerce.*

ADVANTAGES OF AN AWNING.—A little boy, about five years of age, was sent to the grocery store at the corner, on some trifling errand, and while there his bright eye lighted upon a barrel of pippins exposed temptingly to view, just outside of the door. In going out, it appears he took one, and returned to his mother munching it.

'Where did you get that nice apple, Willie?' inquired his mother.

'Dot it at the drocery' replied Willie.

'Did the man give it to you?'

'No, I took it.'

'Why, Willie, that was naughty, you should not take apples or anything else without permission.'

'But nobody saw me.'

'Oh, yes, Willie, there was One who saw you.'

'Who saw me?'

'Why, God saw you.'

Willie stopped a moment to consider, and then, with a good deal of satisfaction expressed in his face, replied, 'No he didn't see me; *there was an awning over the door!*'

THE 'KINK'—Riding through one of our country villages a short time before our annual election, we chanced to meet a boy with books, slates, &c., under his arm, whom we recognised to be a protestant clergyman's son of the village—when the following dialogue ensued:

'Well, my son have you been to school to day?'

'I don't know sir.'

'You don't know! but what makes you answer thus?'

'Oh, mother says I must follow the example of my pious father, and that is the way he answers when she asks him about the Know Nothing party, and she says he don't lie, because he say there is a *kink* in it.'

'But when I asked you if you had been to school you said you do not know. Now is that the truth?'

'Oh, there is a kink in it; they don't call it a *school*; they call it the *Academy*.'

Truly thought I, that is a young American and no mistake.

Deaths by drowning are startlingly frequent. A contemporary remarks:

"Within the last six days we have recorded no less than sixty-nine instances of deaths by accidental drowning, nor have we recorded all that came under our notice.—Then there have been several cases of suicide by drowning—a half-a-dozen, at least, of which we have made no mention In our exchanges, yesterday, we found no less than twelve deaths by accidental drowning recorded, and in most instances the inability to swim was the cause of death. Learning to swim should constitute a part of the education of every one.'

GREAT FIELD OF WHEAT.—The Fayetteville (N. C.) Observer says:—We learn that Henry K. Burgin in Roanoke, North Carolina, has a field of 900 acres of wheat which good judges estimate will yield 20 bushels to the acre, or 18,000 bushels in all, worth at present prices about $50,000. It is said to be a most beautiful sight.—Mr. Thomas Burgwin has a field of 900 acres in wheat, almost as good. These gentlemen have, besides, large quantities of corn, oats &c.

One of the exchanges says it requires 3,500 sheep to be kept a whole year to support the Lawrence (Mass) mills with wool for one single day. They produce 1,500 shawls per day, and consume cochineal to the value of $60,000 per annum. Three years since there was not 500 inhabitants in Lawrence, and now there are 10,000.

DESERVED COMPLIMENT.—At the Dorchester celebration on the 4th inst. Col. Aspinwall, late United States consul to London and an officer of the war of 1812 who lost his arm in the service, stated in his speech that the late Duke of Wellington (no mean authority) styled the march of Gen. Winfield Scott to Mexico 'the military miracle of the age.'—*Union.*

SWORD FISH.—We learn from Mayhew's Express that the fishing boats from Edgartown, on Monday last caught 77 sword fish and on the Tuesday caught 50—weighing about 200 pounds each. This is the most successful catch that has taken place within so short a time in the recollection of the "oldest inhabitants" of that place.

New Bedford Standard.

TROTTING.—The great trotting match against time, of twenty miles an hour, in harness, was performed Thursday on the Centreville Course, by Lady Fulton, in 59m. 55s. She made several breaks, and at one time the odds against her were six to one. The purse was $5000.

NEW FISH.—Fish of the species of the English Whiting, weighing about three pounds, with a large head, have been caught the present week in our outer harbor. An old salt informs us that he has never before seen one on the American coast.—*Portsmouth Journal.*

The Rhode Island Society for the encouragement of Domestic Industry will hold an exhibition of horses and cattle at Providence, commencing on Tuesday, Sept. 11, and will continue through the week. The premium list amounts to $4000.

The United States Bank, Philadelphia, is to wind up its affairs on 20th of September.

The course of instruction at West Point, it is well known, is very arduous, and the training is severe. One of the cadets from this State, who had graduated at Harvard College before entering the institution, says that he is obliged to study much harder at West Point than when at Harvard. So strict are the faculty in their requirements, that even bad spelling is considered a sufficient ground for dismission from the military academy, and any breach of the rules of discipline is severely punished, oftentimes with expulsion. Our readers will readily understand why Southerners—brought up in a climate where even mental labor is an exertion, and in the presence of an institution which is better calculated to induce an impatience of restraint and to make them arbitrary and overbearing, than to inculcate habits of obedience, the first duty of a soldier—should fail to go through with the required course of study at West Point. The wonder is not that so many fail, but that there are any graduates from that section of the Union.

We recently heard from the lips of one of the Board of Visitors at West Point a fact which illustrates the remarkable proficiency of the pupils of the institution, not only in their studies, but in the practical part of military duty. The annual examination this year lasted for seventeen days, and it is customary at the close of each day for the students to give a practical illustration of the sciences upon which they have been examined. Thus when the examination of the day was upon gunnery, [illegible] practice with guns at the close; military movements would be illustrated by the Cadets acting as a corps; and the art of horsemanship would be practically exemplified by exercises in the riding school, &c. On one day there had been an examination in engineering and road building, and the Board of Visitors were invited to proceed to the river at half-past five o'clock in the afternoon, to witness a practical illustration of the examination. At the word of command the cadets proceeded to construct a bridge from timbers prepared for the purpose, and in *twenty-four minutes* a bridge one hundred and fifty feet long, extending into the Hudson, and resting on pontoons where the water was deep, had been put together and made passable for artillery and troops. The cadets were required to take up the bridge. The bridge was taken down, and the various timbers of which it was composed piled up in an orderly manner, so as to be ready to be put up again in an equally short space of time. This was accomplished in exactly *nine minutes!* Upon inquiry it was ascertained that the bridge used upon this occasion was one which was in the train of Gen. Scott, in his celebrated march to the city of Mexico.—*Boston Jour.*

ANECDOTE OF CHANCELLOR KENT.—The late Chancellor Kent was one of those men whose innate dignity enabled him to take in good part familiarity—the result of ignorance and accident. He was exceedingly fond of music, and hearing the drums of a recruiting party who had taken a station at the corner of the street beat a point of war he walked out to listen to it nearer. Insensibly he was whistling the burden of the tune, when the man of war accosted him thus:

'You are fond of such music, my fine fellow!'

'Yes,' was the reply.

'Well, then,' said Sergeant Kite, 'why not join us? Good quarters—good bounty! Besides our Captain is a glorious fellow. Why don't you now? You can't do better.'

'Well,' said the Chancellor, 'I have one pretty strong objection.'

'What is it?' asked the Sergeant.

'Why, just now I happen to have a better trade.'

'What trade is it?' said the inquisitor.

'I am Chancellor of the State of New York.'

'Whew!' muttered the Sergeant. 'Strike up!—quick time!—forward, march!'

Off tramped the military man without looking behind him, leaving the Chancellor to enjoy his laugh at the adventure.

On Tuesday, the family of Mr. Daniel Warren, residing in Boston, were thrown into a state of considerable anxiety by missing their youngest child a boy about eighteen months old. Shortly afterwards the passers-by in the street had their attention attracted by a child's cries, and upon looking upward, there they saw the little fellow sitting in the eave trough, with his legs hanging over the edge, and in a most perilous position. The mother being informed of the whereabouts of the child, without hesitation or emotion outwardly, ascended to the roof, walked deliberately down the steep and slippery plane, took the boy in her arms, and conveyed him in safety back to the attic. But here the trial of mental feeling and physical exertion overcame her and her offspring being safe she immediately fainted, and it was some time before she was restored to consciousness.

Napoleon having entered one of the cities of Italy, the church-wardens recommended to him the relics of their church.

'Sire' will you deign to take our apostles under your protection?'

'Your apostles—are they of wood?'

'No sir.'

'What are they then?'

'Solid silver! sire—of solid silver!'

'Solid silver,' replied Napoleon, quickly, 'yes I shall hold them to fulfill their misson; it is ordained that they should go throughout the world, and they shall!'

'Having said so, the Emperor sent the twelve apostles to the mint at Paris.

Dr Charles H Brown has obtained a verdict of $16,000 damages against the New York and New Haven Rail road Company for injuries received. The testimony went to show that the Doctor received from the concussion; besides other injuries, a wound upon his breast, breaking two ribs, and forcing one of them into his lung, causing partial congestion, and a disease of the heart which still continues.—He claimed $20,000 damages.

In 1759, the only Post-Office in Massachusetts was located in Boston, and the letters were advertised in the Boston *News Letter* so that a person residing out of Boston, had to send to that city for his letters. In an old copy of the *News Letter*, a list of letters is published. In this list there are advertised two for Martha's Vineyard—twelve for Nantucket, and several for *America!*

An aquaintance of ours, says a Western paper, who has several acres of corn located at some point in the flooded territory below town, was asked what he thought of it. 'Think of it!' says he, 'why, I think them *infernal blackbirds are headed at last.*

A copy of Shakespere's plays the only one known containing the two leaves which were cancelled in "As You Like it," sold for £163 16s. the other day, at a London auction. An American was the purchaser.

MORE BLACKFISH!—As the Orleans packet was on her way to Boston on Monday, she encountered a school of blackfish in the bay, and drove them on shore, where they were nearly all captured. There were about fifty in number, and were not probably worth less than $1000. We have several times before chronicled the good luck of people of that vicinity in capturing these fish. They are larger than usual this year, and uncommonly abundant. Fishermen say that they always come in large numbers when mackerel are plenty in the bay, as they subsist on the same food as mackerel. Once in the bay they are pretty sure to be captured, as they keep close in to the shore, in shoal water and have not the sagacity to find their way out again.

They are very frequently found on the flats and marshes, were they have been left by the receding tide, and in such cases it is customary for the finder to "mark" them, by cutting his initials on their flesh until it is covenient to cut them up—Others, to make the matter doubly sure drive stakes and fasten them thereby. The keeper of Billingsgate Light House, in Eastham, a few mornings since found the shore for a long distance strew with these fish, that had been frightened ashore during the night, by being pursued by some fishing vessels in the bay. He proceeded to mark them, according to custom, jumped into his boat and went over to Provincetown, where he sold out his right for $1000, and his purchasers made a good bargain, at that.

The sport of catching these fish is said to be very exciting, and is a most profitable business, when the numbers engaged in capturing a school are not too great.—They usually yield from fifteen gallons to a barrel of oil apiece, though one has been captured this spring that made about five barrels.—*Yarmouth Register.*

WORDS OF CONSOLATION TO THE BEREAVED.—Dr. Judson once wrote to a friend in the hour of trial thus: "So the light of your dwelling has gone out, my poor brother, and it is all darkness there only as you draw down by faith some faint gleams of the light of heaven, and coldness has gathered round your hearthstone: your home probably desolate, your children scattered, and you a homeless wanderer over the face of the land. We have both tasted of those bitter cups once and again, we have found them bitter and we have found them sweet too. Every cup stirred by the finger of God becomes sweet to the humble believer. Do remember how our late wives and others used to cluster round the well-curb in the mission premises at the close of the day? I can almost see them sitting there, with their smiling faces as I look out of the windows at which I am now writing. Where are ours now?—Clustering around the well-curb on the fountain of living water, to which the Lamb of Heaven shows them the way; reposing in the arms of infinite Love, who wipes away all their tears with his own hand. Let us travel on and look up.—We shall soon be there. As sure as I write and you read these lines, we shall soon be there. Many a weary step we may yet have to take, but we shall get there at last. And the longer and more tedious the way, the sweeter will be our repose.

DEATH OF A CONVICT IN THE INDIANA PENITENTIARY AT JEFFERSONVILLE.—A man 73 years of age died on Friday night last, of an affection of the heart, having performed on the day previous to his death his allotted task in apparent good health. He leaves a property valued at $100,000, and was incarcerated for the period of two years for the crime of *forgery* to amount of $25! The old chap was miserly in the extreme, denying to himself the smallest luxury beyond the prison fare of bread and water and beef's head broth.

At the time of arrest for the alleged forgery he was tendered counsel, who pledged themselves to clear him for $500. To this the old man replied, that "if convicted the sentence would only be for *two years* and he did't think he could make his expense and two hundred and fifty dollars a year *out* of the Penitentiary, and it would cost him nothing to live there and he would save that much anyhow!"

Louisville Journal, 8th inst.

A WONDERFUL FLOWER.—At a late meeting of the Natural History Society, at Newark, N. J., Dr. Isaish Deck exhibited a wonderful flower. Its characteristics are that when dry it is shrunken and apparently dead, but when it is immersed in a glass of water for a minute or two, the upper petals or fibres of the head gradually swell and expand, and throwing themselves back in equi-distant order assume the appearance of a beautifully radiated starry flower, somewhat resembling the sun flower; in this state it remains for hours sometimes, and it reassumes its original appearance, ready for similar experiments to be made *ad libitum*. Dr. Deck said it was presented to him by an Arab, to whom he had rendered a medical service. Dr. Deck thinks it is of the species called the Star of Bethlehem and Rose of Sharon, which were much valued by the Crusaders.

ANTIDOTE TO STRYCHNINE.—The beneficial effects of camphor, as an antidote to strychnine, are reported in a case reported by Dr. Tewkesbury, of Portland, Me. It appears that a boy was seized with convulsions and it was ascertained that he had just eaten biscuit picked up at the door of an eating house, that was made for the purpose of killing rats and contained about one and a half grains of strychnine. The boy's spasms were so severe that immediate death was inevitable though all the usual remedies were resorted to. Camphor could not be introduced into the stomach, on account of the continued lock jaw. Accordingly, strong injections of camphor were used and the body immersed in a hot camphor bath, and in a few hours the boy was comparatively well.

THE SOLID MEN OF NEW BEDFORD.—New Bedford, the richest city in the world, in proportion to its population, numbers among its heavy tax payers 20 who are worth $1,000,000 each; 4 worth $200,000; a lady worth $300,000; a man who has $600,000 in his 'pile;' one worth $800,000; two worth $100,000; and any number that can show from $10,000 to 100,000. Most of these persons started in life poor, and have made their money from the whaling business.

A new diamond, found by a negress in Brazil, and called the Star of the South has reached England, and is producing a sensation. It weighs 254½ carrats, and will probably lose half its weight in cutting. The Koh-i-noor, now it is finally out, weighs 122 carrats.

Asthma.—This most disheartening complaint has been completely cured in many instances, simply by the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Surely any thing that will afford relief from this painful disease will be hailed as a real blessing.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

The steamship Arago, from Havre and Cowes, arrived at New York on Monday, bringing London dates to July 4th.

The Death of Lord Raglan occurred after an indisposition of only a few days.—Up to the afternoon of the 28th, the prospect of his recovery appeared favorable, when alarming symptoms succeeded, and he expired at 25 minutes before 9 on the same evening. The event has caused profound grief throughout the English army.

It is stated that Major General Simpson has succeeded Lord Raglan, pro tem.

In both Houses of Parliament on the evening of the 3d inst., a royal message, recommending the House to provide material token of recognition to Lord Raglan, for the services he had rendered to his country during this and previous wars was brought under consideration.

And it was agreed that an annuity of £1000 a year should be granted to the widow of his late Lordship, and £2,000 a year to the present possessor of the title with remainder to his next heir.

The detailed accounts of the attack on the Malakoff and Redan Towers, made by the allies on the 18th ult., are published in intenso in the London morning journals.—The various correspondents ascribe the great loss which the French and English experienced to the want of proper management, and to the total absence of that military knowledge and judgment so requisite in such hazardous and difficult undertakings.

The correspondent of the London News says that after the defeat, mingled cries of shame and indignation were general throughout the camp: officers and men alike felt that disgrace had been incurred, and that owing solely to unredeemed mismanagement, from drummer boys to colonels, a sense of humiliation filled every breast—the deeper as everybody was sensible that neither men nor regimental officers had shown themselves deficient in what, under proper guidance, would have commanded success.

He further states that a deviation from the original plan at the eleventh hour by Gen. Pellisier, to which both military sense and common sense agree in attributing no small share of both the French and our own failure.

The Journal de St. Petersburg publishes a correspondence respecting the outrages at Hango, which Russia excuses on the ground that the flag of truce was not up. Russia accuses England of making an improper use of truce.

The steamship Canada, from Liverpool on the 7th inst., arrived at Boston at 10½ o'clock Thursday morning.

THE WAR.—On July 3, Lord Raglan was buried with all the pomp which the circumstances permitted.

There are some rumors that General Pelissier is about to be superseded.

Since the repulse of the 18th, the Allies have been strengthening their advance against Malakoff, and Gen. Pelissier's latest telegraphic dispatch of July 4, says his works are progressing satisfactorily.

Gen. Simpson's despatch of the same date is merely "nothing new since my last." Accounts by telegraph have already stated the main facts of the unsuccessful attack on Sebastopol on the 18th of June.

The papers per the Canada contain despatches from Lord Raglan and Gen. Pelissier, giving the full details. These and the camp correspondence make plain the causes of the repulse. Gen. Mayrau's French division which were to attack the fort on the extreme right, by the Careening harbor, commenced the action prematurely, before the other division had taken up their ground. Gen. Mayrau fell, mortally wounded, and his division being thrown into disorder, the Russians turned their concentrated fire upon the next division as it came up, under the command of Gen. Brunet, and shattered it badly. Gen. Brunet also fell, and orders were then given to withdraw the troops into the trenches, although Gen. Autewane had in the meantime reached the Malakoff Tower. The retreat was effected in good order, but with great loss.

When Lord Raglan saw the defeat of the First French division, he hastily ordered the attack on the Redan, in order to effect a diversion in favor of the French, although it was previously intended that the British should not attack until the French should have captured the Malakoff, inasmuch as the Malakoff guns quite command the Redan. So far as civilians at a distance can judge, Lord Raglan's order to attack was a great error, for the British storming party, not being sufficiently strong to carry the works, were repulsed with much slaughter. A curious incident is, that Gen. Eyre, with 200 British, penetrated into the suburbs of Sevastopol itself, and held possession of the houses of one street for 17 hours, but being totally unsupported, retired at nightfall. The inference is that had the assault been general or systematically planned, the city would have fallen, or at least its first line of defense have been carried.

French letters of July 3 say the army was full of confidence. Approaches were being pushed forward to the Malakoff Tower, and a French battery of thirty guns was nearly completed on the point of Careening Bay, to keep off the Russian ships, their fire having caused much loss on the 18th.

A Vienna paper says that Gortschakoff has sent for 24,000 additional men, and has reinforced Liprandi's army with another division.

Careful estimates show that this war has already cost one-half million lives, and yet no decisive battles.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Business in Parliament not important.

The magnificent iron paddle wheel steamer Persia, 3600 tons and 1000 horse power, was launched on the Clyde July 3 for the Cunard line, and will be ready to sail in October.

M. Peterson, the Russian Secretary of Legation at Lisbon, was recently discovered on board the English steamer from Southampton to Lisbon, he having been on a secret mission in France and England.—The American Minister to Portugal, they say, recognized him.

FRANCE.—July 5. The Legislature voted the loan of 750,000,000 francs.

SPAIN.—A dispatch via Marseilles July 5, states that a rising has taken place in Catalonia. The difficulty is nominally respecting the rate of wages. Two manufacturers have been assassinated at Barcelona. The National Guard refused to march, and the Captain General had shut himself in the citadel of Seapatoria, with a few faithful troops, from whence he sent mediators to the insurgents who received them with shouts of "Vive Espartero."

A Madrid telegraphic dispatch of the 5th says that the insurgents still held Barcelona.

The *Times* correspondent says: the Spanish Minister at Paris had long interviews with the Emperor on the state of Spain, and the Emperor Napoleon expressed a determination to prevent any attempt to unseat Queen Isabella.

EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF FASCINATION.—bout two weeks since a little girl, near x years of age, named Collista Hill, of ilmanton Centre, was searching for berries in the field, when her attention was rested by a peculiar singing noise, and on oking up, she perceived two large black nakes, one of which was in an erect attitude and gazing fixedly upon her, accompanying its vibratory motions by, as she ays, "a most beautiful singing." She rst attempted to run, but found herself tterly incapable of so doing. She then ooked at the snake until she became so leased with it, that she took it into her p, and held it until she thought it asleep, nd then fled to the house. For a number f days she visited the snake, unknown to er parents, who finally discovered her eding it from her hands. She continued eding it regularly every day, becoming ore and more attached to it, until it would ind itself about her arms and neck, and ven take food from her mouth. Finally he was prevailed upon to place it in a ox on condition it should not be hurt, and that it is still kept, except when being d.

We have the above from a gentleman ho has visited the girl and received the cts from her and her parents, and of ourse it may be relied upon as substantially correct.—*N. H. Patriot, July 13.*

he *Mirror* says:

"The little girl was asked if she was ot frightened when she first saw the nakes. She said she was terribly frightened; and when asked why she did not run, e said she tried to but could not; she so tried to scream for her mother, but ould not speak a word. The idea is that he was paralyzed by the magnetic power f the snakes. The first time, she remained with them a very long time—could not ell how long. Afterwards daily she staid ith them several hours, feeding them regularly. She says they liked sweet things est, and that she stole three cakes of maple ugar that her mother had laid away, and weet gingerbread whenever she could, to ive them. The big snake would try to rive the small one away from her when ed, and she cuffed him several times, and e returned the compliment by taking her fingers into his mouth several times, without doing much harm. Consequently she don't love this snake as much as she does the other one, though he is generally fond of her."

AN EXCELLENT MIMIC.—During an interview which Martineff, the Russian comedian and mimic, succeeded in obtaining with Prince Volkhonsky, High Steward, the late Emperor Nicholas walked into the room unexpectedly, yet with a design, as was soon made evident. Telling the actor that he heard of his talents, and should like to see a specimen of them, he bade him mimic the old minister. This feat was performed with so much gusto that the Emperor laughed immoderately; and then, to the great horror of the poor actor desired to have himself "taken off."—"'Tis physically impossible," pleaded Martineff. "Nonsense," said Nicholas, "I insist on its being done." Finding himself in the horns of a dilemma, the mimic took heart of grace, and, with promptitude and presence of mind, buttoned his coat over his breast, expanded his chest, threw up his head, and assuming the Imperial port to the best of his power, strode across the room and back, then, stopping opposite the Minister, he cried, in the exact tone and manner of the Czar, "Volkhonsky! pay M. Martineff 1,000 silver roubles." The Emperor, for a moment, was disconcerted; but recovering himself with a faint smile he ordered the money to be paid.

ADVANCE PAYMENT FOR NEWSPAPERS.—No subscriber worth retaining will object to the pay-in-advance system. Those who went to hear Jenny Lind sing had to pay in advance, and what were her divinest strains compared with those which flow from editorial pens? You can't take a seat in a ricketty mail-coach, or fly-from-the-track railroad car, without paying in advance for the risk of being killed. If you would hear a concert or literary lecture, or see Tom Thumb, or the Siamese twins, you must plank down your twenty-five cents, before you can pass the threshold—Nay, if any one has so little regard for his own character as to want to read Barnum's autobiography, he must pay for it. And yet men hesitate and cavil about paying in advance for a paper furnished at a price on the very brink and utmost verge of prime cost.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

"**RICHES HAVE WINGS.**"—The *Boston Courier* gives the annexed instance of the fact that "riches take wings and fly away:" The truth of this axiom was fully exemplified yesterday by the sight and perusal of a private schedule of railroad stocks and bonds belonging to an individual, and valued at $374,000 the market value of which to-day is only about $113,000 showing a depreciation of $261,000 in one year and a half beside the loss of interest. These securities were pledged as collateral security for borrowed money, and as they declined in value other property was placed with them to keep the margin good, until the unfortunate borrower could respond no further and was finally obliged to fail.—Among the bonds and securities enumerated were bonds and shares of the Grand Junction and Vermont Central, Ogdensburgh, and Boston and New York Central Railroad.

CALIFORNIA TREES—The San Joaquin (Cal.) Republican tells some famous great stories about the mammoth trees of Calaveras county. In one grove of them, it says, there is a first class hotel, well fitted up, and with fine accommodations for travelers. Near the hotel is a building eighty feet long by fourteen feet wide, divided into two fine bowling alleys, and *built upon the top of a fallen log!* The lower part of the log, which is separated from the main portion, is placed on end, and is to be hollowed out and converted into a spacious ball room, more than thirty feet in diameter.

"**WHEN,**" says the London Times, "we see a flake of cotton from Alabama, a sample of wine from Bordeaux, or a piece of chintz from Manchester, we can perfectly comprehend that England, France and the United States had better avoid hostilities." The United States though (pertinently observes the New Orleans Bulletin) can do without the "Bordeaux wines," and the "Manchester chintz;" but what could you and your friends do, Mr. Times, without the "flake of cotton?" That is the question.

ICE AT SEA.—Almost every vessels arriving at this port from Europe just now reports encountering or seeing immense islands of floating ice accompanied by very dense fogs. Icebergs usually do not make their apperance in our latitude till August. The exception this season suggests an open winter in the Arctic, and with some probability of an early hearing from Dr. Kane.

A LARGE BLAST.—Mr. John Allen the man who furnishes stone informs us of a monster blast made recently by which a stone 44 feet square at the top and 25 feet though was loosened, lifted up bodily, then dropping into nearly its former position. A three and a half inch bore was drilled into the rock to a depth of nearly twenty-five feet, and four and half kegs, or 112½ pounds of powder used, the shock being like a young earthquake, but making only a slight report. It is estimated that the block of stone loosened contains some 400 cords, or equal to about 3000, tuns, and that the expense of getting it out has been thus reduced $150.

Rockford (Illinois) Regester.

CAUGHT BY A CLAM—A singular accident occured in Newton, Sussex co., last week. A lad named Moore, went into his farther's cellar, where he found a fine large clam *open*. He took up the bivalve, and in anticipation of a savory meal thrust his tongue into his mouth, whereupon it closed its doors, fastening upon the boy's tongue so tightly that the blood began to ooze from it, the pain being heightened by the unsupported weight of the hanging clam. The case seemed, for a time quite an alaming one, but a neighbor soon freed the lad from his situation by cutting the muscle which enables the animal to open and shut his shell. No further inconvenience resulted but a swollen tongue.

The New York Evening Post remarks that in all parts of the United States everybody who owns land and capable of tillage, remembering the enormous prices of the last autumn, winter and spring, has resolved to protect himself, if possible, from the inconvenience of a like state of the market, in the coming season. Men have committed seed to the earth as if they looked for that most improbable phenomenon, a dearth for two successive years. The effect of these small supplies which will never go into the market, will be only perceived when the crops are gathered and ready for use; they will then diminish the number of buyers and essentially affect the price.

City Council.

NEWPORT, July 17, 1855.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—Present his Honor, the Mayor and a full Board.

Report of Finance Committee No 2, recommending bills amounting to $358 75. Read and ordered to be paid.

Petition of John O'Connell for repairs of building on Bannister's Wharf. Referred to committee on city property.

Resolved, That the Commissoners of the Newport Asylum shall hereafter present any bills contracted by them for the expenses of said Asylum to the City Council for auditing, approval and liquidation—said bills to be bills of items, and particulars, and to be ready for examination at any time that may appear proper, to the City Council.

Report of Committee on widening head of Long Wharf. Received and passed.

Ordinance in relation to bathing in docks of this harbor. Passed.

Petition of Wm. T. Tilley for lamps at head of Broad street. Referred to committee on Gas and Lamps.

Report of committee recommending the Watch House to be placed on the south side of the City Hall. Read and received, and recommendation adopted.

Report of committee on Fourth of July with resolution. Concurred in.

Resolved, That the consideration of communication received from the Rev. Henry Jackson in relation to the tender of certain water privileges, to the city—be and hereby is referred to His Honor the Mayor and the committee on City Property and that said committee be instructed to communicate with the trustees of Long Wharf at the same time, and to ascertain the nature of the title of Dr. Jackson to said sights, and to report at the next meeting of the city Council. Passed.

J. B. Freeborn was ordered to remove Robert Church to New Shoreham.

Resolution for additonal police Passed.

Adj to Tuesday evening, 31st of July.

COMMON COUNCIL.—Present R. J. Taylor, Esq., President, Messrs P. W. Stevens, Southwick, B. H. Stevens, Coggeshall, French, Gardiner, Weaver and Holt.

Petition of John O'Connell in relation to damage done him in abating nuisance on Bannister's wharf. Concurred in.

Report of committee for celebrating the 4th of July. Read received and ordered on file.

Resolved, That the balance of seven dollars as reported in the hands of the committee for the celebration of the fourth of July be paid by them to the Overseer of the poor, to be devoted by him to such purposes as he may deem proper. Passed.

Resolution in relation to Commissioners of Newport Asylum. Non-Concurred.

Report of Finance Committee No. 2 recommending bills to be paid. Concurred in.

Report of Committee on City Property for alterations in Watch House. Laid on the table.

Ordinance in relation to Bathing in the public parts of the city. Concurred in.

Petition of Wm. Tew Tilley and others for lamps to be placed at the head of Broad Street. Concurred in.

Resolution to appropriate one hundred and twenty-five dollars to be expended under the direction of the Mayor and Aldermen of this city to support such additional Police force as to them shall seem proper for the next two months. Concurred in.

Resolution for the consideration of the communication from Rev. Henry Jackson in relation to the tender of certain water privileges to the city.—Concurred in.

Adj to Tuesday evening July 31.

New York Grain Market.

The receipts of new wheat from the South have increased, and prices are the turn lower. The demand is very moderate; sales new white Southern at $2,35 a $2,40; new Red do, $2,20 a $2,30; white Michigan, $2,50; good Red Canada, $2,15; and white Canada, on private terms. Rye is more plenty, and, in order to effect sales, holders have been forced to yield a decline of 5 a 10 cents; sales at $1,40 a $1,45 for Northern and Western. State and Western Oats are one cent lower, closing at 61 a 64 cents for the range: a cargo, Prince Edward's Island, sold at 62 cents. The Corn market is a shade easier; sales closing at $1,12 a $1,13 for Southern white, which is very scarce, 89 a 91 cents for Western mixed, 93 a 94 for Round and Southern Yellow, and $1,11 a $1,12½ for Round White: included in the sales were 15,000 bushels western mixed, deliverable last fifteen days of August, at 94 cents.

Brighton Market. Thursday last.

At market 1200 Beef Cattle, 200 Stores, 2600 Sheep and Lambs, and 460 Swine.

Prices—Beef Cattle—Extra $9,52; 1st quality, $9; 2d do, $87,5; 3d do, $7,50; ordinary $5,75 a6.

Hides—$6a6,25 per cwt. Tallow $9a,925.

Pelts—75ca$1. Calf Skins—12c per lb.

Veal Calves—$6a8.

Stores—Two years old, $21a40 Three years old $34a45.

Sheep and Lambs—Extra, $6a10. By lot, $2,25, 2,50, 2,75a3.

Swine—6c; retail 6a8c; fat hogs 6½c.

Remarks—Owing to the large number of beef cattle at market, and the warm weather, there is a further decline in prices of from 25a50c on the hundred.

New Bedford Oil Market.

SPERM—We have no change to note in the market for sperm since our last. Sales amount to 600 bbls, balance of a cargo as it runs, at 175c per gallon.

WHALE—The only transactions in whale coming to our knowledge is a sale of 600 bbls, understood at 71½c, holders remaining firm.

WHALEBONE—Sales for the week are 10,000 lbs Ochotsk at 45c, and 10,000 do South Sea at 40c.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

JULY. 1855.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon sets.	High water
21 SATURDAY,	4 41	7 30	11 19	0 13
22 SUNDAY,	4 42	7 30	11 31	1 04
23 MONDAY,	4 43	7 29	11 59	1 38
24 TUESDAY,	4 44	7 28	morn.	2 25
25 WEDNESDAY,	4 45	7 27	0 34	8 18
26 THURSDAY,	4 46	7 26	1 20	4 19
27 FRIDAY,	4 47	7 25	2 19	5 1

Full Moon, 29th day, 1st hour, 38 m. morning

Metereological Diary for APRIL, 1855.

APRIL.	Therom'r. 6 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	WIND	GENERAL ASPECT —OF— THE WEATHER.		
1	40	42	28	sw sw	rain	rain	clear
2	17	36	32	w sw	clear	clear	clear
3	24	40	38	sw	clear	clear	clear
4	28	44	40	sw	clear	clear	clear
5	34	46	46	se	cloudy	rain	rain
6	36	54	44	nw s	cloudy	clear	cloudy
7	34	50	38	nw	clear	clear	clear
8	30	46	40	se	clear	clear	clear
9	36	46	42	se sw	clear	cloudy rain	clear
10	34	48	40	sw	clear	clear	rain
11	35	42	36	sw	clear	clear	cloudy
12	32	44	40	nw	clear	clear	clear
13	36	50	42	sw	clear	clear	clear
14	38	54	46	sw	clear	rain	clear
15	40	56	44	sw	cloudy	rain	clear
16	33	58	44	sw	clear	clear	clear
17	38	58	50	sw	clear	clear	cloudy
18	45	60	50	n se	clear	clear	clear
19	40	44	40	se nw	cloudy	rain	rain
20	37	54	44	nw sw	clear	clear	clear
21	38	56	45	sw	clear	clear	cloudy
22	37	56	44	ne	clear	clear	clear
23	40	57	40	sw	clear	clear	clear
24	38	56	50	n sw	clear	clear	clear
25	44	65	48	sw nw	clear	clear	clear
26	42	56	50	ne	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy
27	40	54	42	nw sw	clear	clear	clear
28	30	50	42	n	clear	clear	cloudy
29	64	50	44	sw	clear	cloudy	cloudy
30	40	56	42	ne	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy

Mean average of this month, 43 00

do do last year, 41 74

Mean average of this month in 1850 coldest in 38 years, 39 38

Mean average of this month in 1828 warmest in 38 years, 48 54

Special Notices.

The following is from the *New York Evening Mirror*, May 25.

"WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—Among all the Panaceas advertised for the cure of human ailments, there is none in which we have more confidence than 'WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.' We regard it as one of Nature's own preparations—simple, safe, pleasant to take, and almost certain to cure all billious and pulmonary affections. We have witnessed its wonderful effects, in cases that were regarded as hopelessly desperate, and we can conscientiously recommend it as one of the best medicines in the world."

It has proved more efficacious as a remedy for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption in its incipient stages, than any other medicine.

Always signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

Pepared and sold, wholesale and retail, only by SETH W. FOWLE, Boston, Mass., to whom all orders should be addressed, and for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, and HAZARD & CASWELL, in Portsmouth, by N. DENNIS.

The Campaign Commenced.

☞ DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB JAUNDICE BITTERS—*Now is the time to use them.* A successful warfare is now waged by DR. LANGLEY'S SARSAPARILLA, WILD CHERRY, YELLOW DOCK, PRICKLY ASH, THOROWORT, DANDELION, MANDRAKE AND RHUBARB ROOT AND HERB BITTERS, against the multitude of diseases so common at this season of the year, such as Billious Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Headache, Pain in the Side and Bowels, Humors in the Blood; weak and disordered Stomach, General Debility, &c. They always do good, and are sold at the low price of 25 cts for a pint and 37½ cents for quart bottles.

Sold wholesale in Providence by E. P. Mason & Co, and J. Balch & Son, and in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR and HAZARD & CASWELL.

April 21—6ms.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills will cure any disease of the skin of the longest standing—Wm. Frederick Anderson, of Yadkin, South Carolina, suffered for a long time from eruptions on the skin, his face, arms, and legs, were covered with pustules and sores of scorbutic nature,—for the cure of this unsightly and painful disfigurement, he tried a variety of remedies, which failed to benefit him. At last he tried Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which very soon produced a favorable change, and by a weeks' perseverance with these remedies, he was completely cured. This famous Ointment will cure ulcers and old wounds of twenty years standing.

MARRIED.

In Dartmouth, 5th inst., Mr. JAMES E. ARNOLD to Miss MARY M. DAWLEY, of Portsmouth, R I.

In Mattapoisett, ALEXANDER KING, of Tiverton, to ANNA BUTTS of Rochester.

In Woonsocket, 12th inst., Mr. ALBERT H. SNELL, of Tiverton, to Miss CYNTHIA L. COLLIS, of Smithfield.

DIED.

In Middletown, 14th inst., Mr. JOHN W. OMAN, aged 62 years.

In Newburg, N. Y., on Friday, 13th inst., M. SOPHIA, wife of Robert M. Olyphant, of New York, and daughter of William Vernon, Esq., of Middletown, R. I.

In Little Compton, 4th inst., ALEXANDER R. BROWNELL, Esq., aged 73 years. He held the office of town treasurer of said town successively from 1813 to 1840, and the office of town clerk, from 1821 to 1840.

At East Greenwich, R. I., 22d ult OLIVER WEEKS, Esq., aged 97 years, 8 months and 24 days. Mr. Weeks served in the campaign of 1775, before Boston, as a private soldier, in Capt. Jeremiah Olney's company in the "Rhode Island Army of Observation," and was there repeatedly under fire particularly on the ever memorable 17th of June. He was again for several days under the fire of the British batteries, when working in the trenches before Newport, during Sullivan's expedition in August, 1778. Mr. Weeks was a native of West Greenwich, and about the close of the revolution removed to East Greenwich, where he set up his trade of a house carpenter; being an honest, industrious and skillful mechanic. Though he had acquired a sufficient competency, Mr. Weeks continued to labor at his trade till within the last five or six years, and retained the use of his mental and physical faculties in a remarkable degree to the close of his life. He was an observing man, with a memory richly stored with anecdotes of the men and events of the revolution, which he took great pleasure in dispensing for the information of others. He was much employed in the business and various offices of the town, and in the concerns of the Methodist Church, of which he was a pious and beloved member for some forty years. He repeatedly represented the town in the General Assembly of this State, and always to the benefit and satisfaction of his constituents.

Mr. Weeks was a fair representative, as he also was the survivor, of the youth of Rhode Island who filled the ranks of her 'Army of Observation.'

In Bristol, 8th inst., Mrs. LYDIA D'WOLF, widow of Levi D'Wolf, Esq., aged 85 years; 9th, Mr. JONATHAN NOONING, aged 70 years; WM. JAMES, son of Mr. George Fitz, aged 2 years.

In Providence, 13th inst., ELIZABETH JANE, daughter of William Irvine, aged 13 years; BETSEY, wife of Stephen C. Kinyon, aged 56 years; 15th, Mr. RICHARD NICHOLL, aged 52 years; 16th, WILBOR WHEATON, aged 36 years; 17th, MARIA H, youngest daughter of John H. Dorrance, aged 3 years; ALBERT SNOW, aged 48 years; 16th, Mrs. EMELINE, wife of Edward A. Weaver, aged 29 years; 18th, JONATHAN CHACE, aged 96 years. He was a soldier of the revolution; GEORGE H, son of the late Capt. George Child, aged 28 years; Mrs. ANNA, wife of Dean Aldrich, aged 84 years; STEPHEN L. HORTON, aged 29 years.

In Wickford, 15th inst, Capt. CHRISTOPHER L. PHILLIPS, aged 68 years.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

—ARRIVED.—

MONDAY, July 19.—Schr J McRae, Gogan, Boston for Wilmington; Ellen R, Burgess, Norwich for Hyannis; Metamora, Littlefield, B Island

TUESDAY, July 17.—Schr Centurion, Hatch, Prov for Phil; C Columbus, Drake, fm Newburgh.

Slp Antecedent, Tracy, N Y for Prov.

WEDNESDAY, July 13.—Brig S P Brown, Freeman, fm New York.

Schr Geo R Lanfear, Lanfear, N Haven for New Bedford; Amelia, ———, fm Phil.

THURSDAY, July 19.—Brig J R Rhoades, Matthews, Prov for Boston.

Schr R Parmalee, Bishop, Cold Spring for New Bedford; Orator, Hayes, do for Prov; Mozart, Slocum, fm Boston.

FRIDAY, July 20.—Steamer Merrimac, McKinney, fm Newburyport for N York.

Schr Reaper, Lake, Prov for Block Island; B Brown, Rodgers, Phil for Wareham; Gold Hunter, Simpson, Bangor for Dighton; Challenge, Hawthorn, Calais for Prov; Vendoria, Bray, Bangor for Dighton; Abaco, Tosin, Bangor for F River; Adelaide, Smith, Prov for N Y

Slp R Smith, Pitman, N Bedford for Bristol; W. Penn, Winslow, do for do.

MEMORANDA.

Cld at Wilmington, NC, 13th, schr N Hassard, Burdick, for New York.

Arr at Portsmouth 16th, schr Fanny Fern, Briggs, from Choptank River, Md.

New Advertisements.

Providence & Worcester Railroad AND STEAMER CANONICUS.

On and after Monday, July 16th, 1855,

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

CANONICUS.

OF THE FALL RIVER LINE

will make Two Trips Daily between

PROVIDENCE AND NEWPORT,

Connecting directly with the trains over the Providence and Worcester Railroad as follows:

Leave Newport 5 10 A. M., and 2 20 P. M., connecting with the Morning and Evening Trains from Providence.

Leave Providence 9 A. M., and 6 P. M., or, on arrival of Trains from Worcester and the West.

Passengers by the 3 45 P. M. train from Worcester will arrive in Newport in season to connect with the Fall River line of Steamers for New York.

☞ Passengers can procure Tickets on board the Boats for the following places:

Worcester,	Saratoga,	Geneva,
Springfield,	Utica,	Rochester,
Albany,	Syracuse,	Buffalo,
Troy,	Auburn,	Niagara Falls.

Tickets are also sold from the above named places for Newport.

Passengers leaving Newport, in the morning may reach Saratoga the same day: or going west connect at Albany with the evening Express train for Utica, Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo Trains on this Road connect at Worcester with the cars for Fitchburg, Bellows Falls, Burlington, Rouse's Point and Montreal. Also, Nashua, Concord, Littleton and St. Johnsbury, Norwich and New London, New York, Albany, Buffalo, &c., &c.

Passengers and baggage conveyed free of charge between the steamer and Railroad Station in Providence. JOHN B. WINSLOW,

Superintendent Prov. and Wor. Railroad.

July 21—tf

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA

☞ Is at this Season most Invaluable as a Renovator and

PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD.

It not only creates new, rich and pure blood, but it will effectually carry of all putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, impart a tone and vigor to the whole system, and

KEEP THE BLOOD PURE.

One great recommendation for using this Sarsaparilla is that every bottle of it is manufactured under the direct superintendence of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

the most celebrated Chemist and Physician in this country, and his certificate attached to each bottle guarantees that it is "PURELY VEGETABLE, AND WITHOUT MERCURY."

There has never yet been a medicine presented to the public which has so effectually sustained its character for "PURIFYING THE BLOOD AS DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA," and the fact that it has entirely superseded all other preparations claiming the properties, alone speaks volumes in its favor.

The Blood is the Life.

Only purify the Blood, and disease must vanish.

Principal Depot, 212 Broadway, New York and for sale by all respectable Druggists, and Chemists, in the United States.

July 21—1mis

REMOVAL.

DR. TURNBULL, Oculist and Aurist,

(FROM LONDON,)

Has arrived at the WINTHROP HOUSE BOSTON.

Office Hours from 9 to 2 P. M.

From the London Times.

A number of scientific gentlemen assembled at the house of Dr. Turnbull, to witness the results produced by a process recently discovered by the Doctor, and applied for the cure of deafness and blindness.

Between twenty and thirty patients attended, many of whom, it was stated by their parents, had been born deaf and dumb. They were submitted to the various tests, by which it was proved that their deafness had been cured by the application of Dr. Turnbull's remedies; and what appears most singular is, that whether the disease depended on paralysis of the auditory nerve, rupture of the tympanum, or obstruction of the internal passages, relief had been obtained, or complete cure effected without delay, pain, or inconvenience. Several patients, who represented that they had been completely blind, said that they could now see perfectly well.

July 21

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND. AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport, ss, { Clerk's Office of the Supreme Court, Newport, July 16th, 1855.

WHEREAS, Nathaniel E. Munroe of the City and County of Newport, in the State aforesaid, late of the City and County of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, hath filed in this office his petition (praying for reasons therein stated) for the benefit of an act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of the said Nathaniel E. Munroe, to be and appear at the next term of our Supreme Court, to be holden at Newport on the fourth Monday of August next, ensuing to show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

July 21—3w JOHN W. DAVIS, Clerk.

At a City Council of the City of Newport, holden July 17th, 1855.

IT IS ORDAINED by the City Council of the city of Newport, as follows:—

Hereafter it shall be unlawful for any men or boys to bathe in a state of nudity on or from any wharf, dock, lot or ship yard in any part of this city, from the cove to the extreme lower part of Thames street, (except upon such wharves as his Honor the Mayor may select and allow for such purposes) between the hours of seven A M to eight o'clock P M.

Each and every violation of this ordinance shall be punished with a fine not exceeding two dollars, to be recovered on complaint according to law.

A true copy—attest:

July 21 B. B. HOWLAND, City Clerk.

Peckham & Bulls south wharf, Finch & Engs' wharf, Bulls wharf, Champlins wharf, and Langley's wharf have been selected.

N. B.

WILL the Righteous Please Excuse Detenti ½ hour Late; i had No time Piece and some distance to travel; New Not it was so Late. N B. I did Not think To give the Wick.d one A Bone instead of the slice he thought he was A going to get to hand the young men; As in speaking of the Premises Being his own grass.—But those Evil thinkers who Love to think so, the Bone they will Find in isaiah 65—4 & 66—17. there it can be seen that Fornicators, &c Are included with Swine Eaters; and they shall Both Be Destroyed together. For the Lord of hosts hath said it; Adieu At Present,

July 21 F W SPRAGUE of St of R I.

NEW BOOKS.

Which? the Right or the Left? or the Church of Christ and the Church of Society.

Ellie, or the Human Comedy, by John Esten Cooke, author of the "Birginila Comedians," &c.

Poetical works of Percy Bysshe Shelley, edited by Mrs Shelley—3 vols.

Poetical works of George Herbert—1 vol.

Hope Campbell, or Know Thyself; by the author of Lily Gordon, &c.

For sale by C. E. HAMMETT, Jr.,
July 21 124 Thames St.

Fine Toilet Soaps and Perfumery.

CLEAVER'S Prize Medal Soaps, Rimmell's Superior Almond Soap, Fine Old Brown Windsor and Musk Soap, Italian Olive Oil Soap. Russian Kesan Soap, and a great variety of French fancy soaps just received by

HENRY TISDALE,
Sign of the Gold Watch and Spectacles,
July 21 138 Thames st.

Smoked Salmon, direct from the east, for sale at the store of

July 21 NEWTON BROTHERS.

Water Filters—Wade's Patent Water Filters, a first rate article for sale at 117 Thames street.

July 21 W. H. BLISS.

2000 lbs Oil Meal, just received and for sale by

July 21 J H & G W PERRY.

New Advertisements.

Savings Bank.

AT A MEETING of the Corporation of Savings Bank, Newport, July 20, 1855, the following gentlemen were elected Directors of said bank for the ensuing year:—

John Stevens,	Wm. C. Cozzens,
Benjamin Finch,	Geo. T. Weaver,
Josiah S. Munro,	Samuel Engs,
Stephen T. Northam,	Edw. A. Sherman,
Adam S. Coe,	S. S. Gyles,
Edwin Wilbur,	Richard Swan,
B H Tisdale,	Chas. Devens,
David Melvill,	Oliver Read,
R B Cranston,	Francis Lawton,
Samuel Brown,	Michael Freeborn,
William Sherman,	Joseph Sherman,
Benjamin Marsh,	David J Gould,
John V Hammett.	

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors, BENJAMIN FINCH, Esq., was elected President,

B. B. HOWLAND, Secretary,
SAMUEL S. GYLES, Treasurer.

July 21, 1855.

Savings Bank.

A DIVIDEND of 3 per cent on all sums that have been in the bank for the space of six months, and one and a half per cent on all sums that have been in for 3 months, is declared by the Directors of the Savings Bank of Newport, payable on and after this day, the 21st inst,

July 21 S. S. GYLES, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE LADIES of the Unitarian Society will hold a festival at Ocean Hall on Wednesday next, all day and evening. A great variety of fancy and useful articles will adorn the tables.

The Literary Department will be full and curious.

Refreshments and amusement will be provided. Music from the Germanians is expected in the evening. Admittance 12½ cents. July 21

Wanted to Hire

FOR two or three years, one thousand dollars, for which security will be given on real estate in this city worth double that amount—and interest paid semi-annually at 6 per cent per annum.

Apply at
July 21 THIS OFFICE.

A FEW MORE
OF THOSE
BUSINESS WAGONS,
for sale CHEAP FOR CASH, at
S. T. HUBBARD'S
Carriage Depot,
July 21 No. 10 Farewell Street.

NOTICE.

FARE REDUCED

Between Newport and Providence.

On and after FRIDAY, July 19th, the fare on the steamer PERRY will be 25 CENTS. July 21.

Wooden Ware.

A NEW SUPPLY just received, consisting of Painted Tubs, Cedar do, Wash Boards, Knife Boards, Mop Sticks, Kneading Boards, Rolling Pins, Towel Rollers, Chopping Trays, Knife Boxes, Barrel Covers, Boxes in Nests, Measures, Dippers, Pounders, Lemon Squeezers, Potato Mashers, Lignumvitæ Mortars, Meal Sieves, &c, for sale low at 117 Thames st.

July 21 WM. H. BLISS.

GAS FIXTURES.

GAS FIXTURES at reduced prices. A new lot of Gas Fixtures just received, some very handsome patterns, all of which will be sold lower than ever, at 117 Thames st.

July 21 WM. H. BLISS.

Needle Threaders—A new supply of the celebrated Needle Threaders of Joseph Rodgers & Son this day received by

HENRY TISDALE,
July 21 138 Thames st.

Clocks—A fine variety of eight day, thirty hour and alarm clocks cased in different styles. Also a few large size office clocks which require winding only once a month, just rec'd by

HENRY TISDALE,
Sign of the Gold Watch & Spectacles,
July 21 138 Thames st.

Corn and Oats—2000 bush mixed Corn, 1000 " Chicago Oats, just received and for sale by

July 21 J H & G W PERRY.

FOR SALE.

A large lot of second hand sashes in good order and for sale by

GLADDING & SIMMONS',
No. 21 Spring st, nearly opposite
July 21 First Baptist Church.

FOR SALE.

THREE South Down Rams. Apply to
ROBERT L. MAITLAND.
June 23—3m new.

Miscellaneous.

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received until Wednesday, July 18th, directed to the Committee on City Property, and to be left at the city clerk's office, for the laying of a brick sidewalk around such portion of Touro Park where curb stones are at present placed and upon north side of Washington Park. The walks to be excavated to the depth of fourteen inches dirt removed from premises and gravel and sand to be used in equal proportions in the laying of the bricks. A specimen of the quality of the brick to be used may be seen at the city clerk's office. The contract will require that the work be completed by August 20th, and a bond will be required for the faithful performance of the agreement

Newport, July 14, 1855.

Highly Important.

SPRATT'S Patent Hermetical Self Sealing Cans, for preserving Fruits, Green Corn, Tomatoes, Peas, &c, easily opened or closed—require no soldering—may be used year after year—every Farmer and Housekeeper should be a purchaser. These cans are made by a new double patent process, rendering leakage impossible.

Full directions for preserving, accompany the cans. For sale by

WM. H. BLISS, Agent.
July 14 117 Thames st.

NOTICE.

On and after Thursday, July 12th, the steamer PERRY, Capt. WOOLSEY, will leave Newport for Providence at 5½ A. M. and 2 P. M., and will leave Providence for Newport at 8½ A M. and 6 P M.

Stopping at Bristol each way.

☞ Passengers for the different Railroads will take the cars at Bristol, and will be taken on board at Bristol for Newport.

Breakfast and Supper on board the Boat.

July 14, 1855

Rhode Island Bridge Co.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the R. I. Bridge Co., for the choice of directors will be held at the Bank of Rhode Island, on Monday, July 30, 1855, at 3 o'clock P. M.

July 7 W. A. CLARK, Clerk.

Sardine Openers, Champagne, Openers, Cheese Scoops, Nut Crackers and Nut Picks, Ice Picks, Sugar Breakers, Larding Needles, Fluting Scissors, just opened and for sale at 117 Thames st.

July 14 WM. H. BLISS.

Shell Combs.

JUST received a new stock of Wrought Shell Combs of the lattest patterns at

94 Thames Street,
July 14 WM. S. NICHOLS.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Willow Cemetry, will be holden at the office, corner of School and Touro Streets, on Saturday evening, July 21st, at 8 o'clock.

Purchasers of Lots, will please call for their deeds before said time.

July 14 HENRY E. TURNER, Sec'ry.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE in Newport, R. I., at present owned by Mr. C. G. GILLIAT.

Apply to
ISAIH CROOKER,
July 14 Agent for Mr. Gilliat.

Dutch Anchovies, at the store of
June 16 NEWTON BROS.

Extracts—Lemon, Vanilla, Pine Apple, Orange, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, Rose, and Ginger, for sale by

June 16 NEWTON BROS.

DRY GOODS

NEW SUMMER GOODS.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.,

ARE now opening a splendid lot of new goods, selected with great care during the last 10 days from late importations, including *DRESS SILKS, SUMMER DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, SHAWLS.*

And a general assortment of seasonable goods, making our stock very large and worthy of the attention of purchasers. May 26.

Parasols, just received at
May 5 J H HAMMETT'S.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO. are opening
Dress Silks,
Embroideries,
Laces,
Gloves.
May 26.

White Goods.

PLAIN, Plaid, Striped and Figured Cambrics, Victoria Loans, Swiss and Book Muslin, &c.,

July 9 at CHAS. W. TURNER'S.

Children's Cotton Hoisery, at
July 7 CHAS. W. TURNER'S.

Gentlemens Knit Cotton Sacks, at
July 7 CHAS. W. TURNER'S.

Grass Cloth Skirts, at
July 7 CHAS. W. TURNER'S.

Bathing Dresses

ON HAND
AND MADE TO ORDER
—AT—
JAMES HAMMONDS.
July 7

Bathing Dresses

HATS AND CAPS, AT
JAMES HAMMOND'S.
July 7

Parasols and Umbrellas.

F. LAWTON & BROTHERS have just received one case Parasols of the "Princess Eugenie" style—also Silk Umbrellas for Ladies and Gentlemen. May 5

Oil Cloth for Halls.

A NEW and beautiful pattern of Oil Cloth, six yards wide, opened this day by

May 5 F. LAWTON & BROS.

Cactus Skirts, at J. H. HAMMETT'S,
May 5 85 Thames st

Bonnet Ribbons, at
May 5 J. H. HAMMETT'S

Dry Goods opening at J. H. Hammett's consisting of Challi's, Barege de Laines, Lawns, Cambrics, &c., &c,

India Rubber Sponge Bags at
May 5 J. H. HAMMETT'S.

Hosiery and Gloves—Gents, Ladies, Misses and Boys, Hosiery and Gloves, at

May 5 J H HAMMETT'S.

Parasols.

A NEW lot of Parasols just received and for sale at

June 30. JAMES HAMMOND'S.

Boys' Wear.—Cotton, Cotton and Wool, and all Wool Checks for Boys' wear, at

June 23 LANGLEY & NORMAN'S.

Parasols at 75 cents, just received by
June 23 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

Drilling.—White Linen Drilling for Boys' Pants, for sale at

June 23 LANGLEY & NORMAN'S.

Buff Linen for Children's wear, at
June 16 LANGLEY & NORMAN'S.

COUNTERPANES

—AND—

WINCHESTER QUILTS.

For sale at
May 5 JAMES HAMMOND'S.

Green Moreen, just received by
July 14 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

Miscellaneous.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport, ss, { Clerk's Office of the Supreme Court, July 2d, 1855.

WHEREAS THOMAS THORP of Tiverton and County of Newport, hath filed in this office his petition praying that the bonds of matrimony now existing between him and his said wife, Margaret Thorp, (now residing in parts unknown) may be dissolved.

Notice is hereby given to said Margaret Thorp that she be and appear at the term of the Supreme Court to be holden at Newport on the 4th Monday of August next ensuing, to show cause (if any she hath) why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

July 14—6w JOHN W. DAVIS, Clerk.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

THE well known Sweet farm and the Borden Wood Farm will be sold at Auction, if not previously sold, on the first Wednesday of August, at 12 o'clock, M., on the premises. The Sweet Farm contains about 70 acres, and the Wood Farm about 100 acres; both are located about two and a half miles from the Ocean, Bellevue and Atlantic Houses, and are among the finest locations in the vicinity of Newport. A perfect title will be given to the purchaser. All information in regard to the premises can be obtained of WILLIAM W. HAZARD,

July 14 at the Bellevue House.

AMIELET.

ONE of the most extraordinary results of Scientific Discovery, warranted to produce the following results, viz:

To remove the defect of Baldness; to prevent the Hair from falling out and becoming prematurely grey, while at the same time it dissolves the Dandruff. It is also a most efficacious cure for Rheumatic and Nervous Pains, Sprains and Bruises.

The AMIELET was invented by the well known Oculist DR. S. M. ELLIOTT, of New York.

Sold by R. J. TAYLOR,
July 14 102 Thames St.

To the good Citizens of Newport.

I BEG LEAVE to inform the Citizens of Newport, that I have established a depot at the warehouse of

NEWTON BROTHERS,

for the sale of my

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,

who will receive and forward orders to me for the same.

Samples can be seen at their office.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
June 30. 22 Beaver Street, New York.

Fine Old Brandies.

ORDERS received and forwarded to New York daily, before and after the 4th of July, for the finest old Brandies in the identical packages as imported; also in cases of one dozen bottles each. NEWTON BROTHERS,

At the old establishment,
Je 30. corner of Pelham & Thames Sts.

Champagne Wines.

ORDERS received and forwarded to New York daily, previous to as well as after the 4th of July, for the very best brands of champagne imported in this country.

NEWTON BROTHERS,
At the old establishment,
Je 30. corner of Pelham & Thames Sts.

Scotch Ale & London Porter.

ORDERS received and forwarded daily to New York for Scotch Ale and London Porter, of the most improved brands imported.

NEWTON BROTHERS,
At the old establishment,
Je 30. corner of Pelham & Thames Sts.

New Groceries.—A complete stock of Groceries just received and offered at the very lowest prices at wholesale and retail at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

Clocks.—Mahogany Frame Brass Clocks at 92 cents each, with a variety of Eight Day and 30 Hour Clocks at low prices, at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

Sardines in Oil, fresh imported at the store of

June 16 NEWTON BROS.

Cuba Molasses.

FOR SALE in Hhds, Tierces and Barrels, by March 10. SILAS H. COTTRELL & Co.

AUCTION SALE

Will be sold at Public Auction on Friday, July July 27, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

THE following Pews in the North Baptist Church, to satisfy taxes and costs against said pews, by order of the Committee.

Nos. 2, 3, 22, 30, 33, 85, 54, 101 on the lower floor

IN THE GALLERY—Nos 2, 7, 4, 24, 30, 34, 33, 9. JOHN T. TILLEY, Treasurer.

Miscellaneous.

JULY 14th, 1855
NEW BOOKS
FOR SALE and CIRCULATION
—AT—
JAMES HAMMOND'S
DRY GOODS & BOOK STORE.

Recent Additions.

3936	Mammon: or the Hardships of an Heiress. by Mrs. Gore,	1
3937	Kenneth: or the Rear-Guard of the Grand Army, by the author of the Heir of Redcliff,	1
3938	Kate Aylesford,	1
3939	Past Meridian, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney,	1
3840	My Brothers Keeper, by Miss Warner,	1
3941	School of Life, by Howitt,	1
3942	Two Guardians, by the author of the Heir of Redcliff,	1
3943	Tales for Mariners, by the author of Los Gringos,	2
3944	Lee Cure Manque: or Social and Religious Customs in France,	1
3946	Peg Woffington, a novel by C. Reade,	1
3947	Blanch Dearwood,	2
3948	Missing Bride: or Miriam the Avenger, by Emma D. C. N. Southworth,	2
3949	Which: the Right or the Left, of the Church of Christ and the Church of Society,	3
3950	Watchman: a companion to the Lamplighter,	2
3951	Star Papers, by Henry Ward Beecher,	1
3952	Peeps from a Belfry: or the Parish Sketch Book, by Rev. F. W. Shelton,	1
6128	Moredun a tale of the twelve hundred and ten, by Sir Walter Scott,	1
6129	Julia Mansfield: or the Fate of Ambitious Mothers, by Osgood Bradbury,	1
6130	Glanmore: or the Bandits of Saratoga a Romance of the Revolution, by Park Clinton,	1
3959	Silent Preacher Samuel Penny,	1
3960	Leaves from the Journal of a Family,	1
135	Joy and Care, by Mrs. Tuttile,	1
3961	Heiress of Houghton, by Mrs. Mach,	1
3954	English Orphans, or a Home in the New World, by Mrs. M. J. Holmes,	2
3855	Conscript, a tale of the Empire, by Dumas,	1
3956	The Winkles, or the Merry Monomaniacs,	2
3958	My Confession or the History of a Womans Life,	1
2962	Our First Families, a novel of Philadelphia good Society, by a Descendant of the Penn's,	2

NOTICE.

A. BININGER & CO.,

OF NEW YORK,

Having appointed NEWTON BROTHERS, of Newport, Agents for such articles as they import and deal in, are now prepared to solicit from their friends and the public, orders through these gentlemen. The frequency and rapidity of intercourse between the two cities, will enable them to execute orders with certainty and despatch. No effort will be spared to do full justice to all orders thus entrusted to their care. They import and preserve under custom house lock, the Brandies of the most distinguished houses in Cognac, are sole importers of G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Champagne Wines, and are always supplied with the finest qualities of Champagne, Madeira, Sherry, Port, Claret, Hock and Burgundy Wines; Liquors and Cordials, Scotch Ale, London Porter, Havana Segars, Pickles, Sauces, Preserves and delicacies, being a complete assortment of choice and rare articles of luxury.

They invite the special attention of purchasers to examine their catalogue at the store of

NEWTON BROTHERS,

who will promptly attend to their wishes.

New York, April, 1854. [June 30.

FURNITURE.

A new and fashionable lot of
Furniture
just received by
COTTRELL & BRYER,

consisting of Wardrobes, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes Lounge Bedsteads, Card Tables, Extension do. Bureaus, Bedsteads, Side-Boards, What-Nots Teapoys, Quartetts, Ottomons, Chairs, Looking Glasses.

ALSO

MATRESSES, FEATHER BEDS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest market prices.

Coffins of all descriptions manufactured at the shortest notice.

COTTRELL & BRYER,
June 16 1855.—1y 37 Church st.

R. P. BERRY,

DENTIST
—OFFICE—
CORNER OF THAMES AND MARY STREETS.
Newport, March 20, 1852.—1y

Every Day Articles.

FARINA, Samp, Hominy, Corn Starch, Wheaten Grits, Pearl Barley and Ground Rice, always on hand and for sale by

June 16 NEWTON BROS.

Lumber and Building Materials.

PINE, Spruce and Cedar *SHINGLES, LATHS* and *CLAPBOARDS*, together with a good assortment of *TIMBER JOIST* and *BOARDS*. *PLANED LUMBER* of all kinds needed, well seasoned and of good qualities.

LIME, BRICK and *CEMENT*, at reasonable price, for *CASH* at HAMMETT'S

June 16 Lumber Yard, Newport, R. I.

Wm. H. Smith,

DENTIST,
ROOMS DIRECTLY OVER THE [illegible]OFFICE,
June 23. N[illegible], R. I.

Scythes, &c.—Cast Steel [illegible] German do. do., Patent Iron Scythe Sn[illegible] do. Wood do. do., Horse Rakes, Hand Rakes, Rifles, Scythe Stones, &c., at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

Medicines.

DR. HOLMES' NEW ENGLAND PECTORAL BALSAM

—OR—

COMPOUND COUGH SYRUP.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, PLEURISY, PAIN IN THE SIDE OR CHEST, ASTHMA, BLEEDING FROM THE LUNGS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

THE public are assured that the Pectoral Balsam is all that it purports to be—*a Sovereign Remedy for the above named Diseases.* It has been thoroughly tested in every variety of Throat and Lung Affections for the last 20 years with entire success, and has received the approval of numerous members of the *Medical Faculty, Chemists and Apothecaries* of the highest standing, and gentlemen of the first respectability.

For further particulars, see bills accompanying the Medicine, which can be obtained of all Druggists in bottles of two sizes. Price 50c. and $1 per bottle.

Sold in Newport by HAZARD & CASWELL, 12 Washington Square, 136 Thames street, 16 Spring street. Also by R. J. TAYLOR, 10 Thames street.

All orders to be addressed to

J. BALCH & SON,
General Wholesale Agents,
Nos. 40, 42, 44 & 46 South Main st.,
sept 16, 1854.—1y Providence, R. I.

Drs. DE WOLF & COOK,

(OF PROVIDENCE,)

May be consulted professionally at the ATLANTIC HOUSE, Newport, from June 20th to Sept. 20th.

An opportunity is thus afforded to those wishing to avail themselves of HOMŒPATHIC treatment.

N. B. Arrangements have been made by which one of the parties will be constantly in attendance.

I. J. DE WOLF, M. D. N. B. COOKE, M. D.

OFFICE HOURS from 9 to 11 A. M., and from 4 to 6 P. M. June 9.

Amandine.

FOR the cure and prevention of chapped hands. For sale by

Dec 9. HAZARD & CASWELL.

Miscellaneous.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Duffield's American Hams.

Just received at No. 8 Market Square.

THE DUFFIELD HAMS are justly celebrated as the finest article of the kind in the market. The inventor of the mode adopted in their cure, has received the highest testimonials wherever this ham has been exhibited; and the judges of the Great Exhibition of 1851, awarded it the prize medal, although brought into competition with the finest brands from Westphalia.

There is no ham so popular at all the large hotels in the country, as the *Duffield*, and wherever it is once introduced it becomes a decided favorite. Its qualities for flavor, texture, and tenderness, are unsurpassed; and as every ham is carefully packed in its case, they keep perfectly well through the entire year. Many persons prefer to keep them eighteen months before serving them, and when opened, after that lapse of time, none have yet been found to have deteriorated.

In this city the sale of *Duffield Hams* is large and many families, as well as the principal hotels, are now regularly supplied by CHARLES DUFFIELD & Co, Louisville, Ky, through

CHARLES SHERMAN & CO,

No. 8 Market Square, sole agents for Newport, who will fill all orders and supply the trade on reasonable terms. April 14—tf

---

J. H. Chappell,

HARNESS MAKER & TRIMMER.

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opened the store No. 18 Farewell, corner Malborough Sts., where he will keep constantly on hand, and make to order, of the best material and workmanship, all kinds of light and heavy Harnesses.

J. H. C. having had a practical experience in some of the principal cities of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, feels confident that he will be able to give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Persons can rely on the promptness of this establishment.

March 3, 1855—1y.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just opened at the old and well known store No. 94 Thames st, A large and well assorted stock of silver articles, Rich Plated and Britannia Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Tea Trays, Feather Dusters, Combs, Brushes, Gold, Silver, Fine Steel and Plated Spectacles

—ALSO—

Gold Watch Chains and Keys, Rings, Earrings, Breast Pins, Lockets, Gold Pencils, Cuff Pins, Gold and Silver Thimbles and various other articles.

Orders for Silver Ware promptly attended to and the quality of the stock warranted standard, as it ever has been at my establishment, which is the oldest in the city.

April 28—3m WILLIAM S. NICHOLS.

TABLE COVERS,

CARPETS, COUNTERPAINS, AND BLANKETS CLEANSED.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method to inform his friends and the public that he will cleanse in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms, at his mill in the Glen—Carpets, Counterpains, Blankets, Table Covers, &c., &c. Persons in Newport wishing his services as above, may leave their articles at the Store of CORNELL & DENNIS', in Broad street, or JOHN AILMAN'S in Spring street; or by leaving their address, articles will be taken at their dwellings and returned to them when finished.—All favors thankfully received.

THOMAS GOULD.

Portsmouth, April 14, 1855—6m.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having entered into co-partnership under the firm of

BOSS & DAVIS,

will continue to furnish all kinds of

BREAD & CRACKERS,

of the best quality, wholesale and retail, at the lowest rates, at 205 Thames street.

ISAAC S. BOSS,
SIMEON DAVIS.

Newport, April 8, 1854.—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he is thoroughly furnished for doing all kinds of teaming, moving, expressing, carrying and bringing freight. All orders will be punctually attended to and on the most reasonable terms. Having some of the best horses, waggons, drays, &c, for doing all kinds of work, feels confident that he will not fail to give general satisfaction to all who may employ him. Orders left at the house No 7 School St, or at the stable corner of Leven and Thomas Sts, will be promptly attended to.

April 7 BENJAMIN BURTON.

BARBERING SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the store **No. 75 Thames street,** and fitted it up in a neat and commodious manner, is now prepared to execute all branches of the Barbering business, such as Shaving, Hair Cutting, Shampooing, Curling, &c. He would respectfully invite the former customers of Mr. Samuel Young, (having purchased his furniture, &c.) his friends and the public generally, to give him a call.

A. L. PIERCE,

Jan 20.—tf opposite E. A. Sherman's

S. T. HUBBARD'S
CARRIAGE DEPOT,

No. 18 Farewell St., Newport.

ORDERS received for CARRYALLS of various styles. Light BUGGIES, with and without tops. CHAISES of the latest styles. TOP and EXPRESS WAGONS, DRAYS, &c. made at short notice from the best material and at low prices.

N. B.—REPAIRING attended to without delay.

April 21, 1855—1y.

DEVON BULL
WHAT A !

THE SUBSCRIBER having at considerable expense, procured a fine animal of the pure Devon breed, for the improvement of his own Cattle, will accommodate others who wish to raise good stock. Terms $3, payable in advance.

For Pedigree, see Herd Book.

THOMAS B. BUFFUM.

Middletown, 12th m, 23d, 1854.

Grass Seeds.

100 Bushels Mowed Timothy,
75 " reaped "
2500 lbs Clover,
200 bushels Borden seed
50 bags Red Top now on hand and for sale by

March 17. J H & G W PERRY.

Children's Belts.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale low, forty dozen Children's Leather Belts, at 114 Thames st.

April 14 JACOB WEAVER.

CITY COAL YARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a cargo of seasoned Pine Wood. Also a few cords of choice seasoned Walnut.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,
Williams' Wharf, foot of Dennison st.

May 19

Mohair Coronets---Another lot received at 81 & 83 Thames st.

May 19. CHAS. W. TURNER.

The Clear Starcher's Friend.

FOR giving a finished and beautiful gloss to all Linen, Muslin and Cotton Goods; it prevents collars falling from perspiration, or dust adhering as when starch alone is used. At

May 5 R. J. TAYLOR'S.

BRICKS.

THE subscriber having made an arrangement with one of the first Brick Yards in the country, for the sale of bricks, will have on hand all kinds by the cargo or in quantities to suit, and will sell them at the manufacturers lowest prices. A suitable cargo is now discharging at Williams wharf.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,

June 2 Foot of Dennison St.

WM DOUGLAS LAKE,

Sheriff of the County of Newport, and Notary Public.
Office in the State House. Residence No. 90 Broad street.

June 9—1y

For Sale or To Let.

To Let for the Season.

A furnished house, containing 12 rooms, pleasantly situated on the East road, 5 miles from Newport, next south of Lawton's Tea House with kitchen garden. Apply to

STEPHEN SHERMAN, on the premises.

June 16

For Sale,

AT J. PEARSON'S, 84 Broad St., a three seated double carriage, with side doors and steps, in complete order, and nearly new. [April 28.

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell his lot of land lying in Middletown, about four miles from Newport. Said lot contains about twenty-two acres of good land and well watered, and is bounded Northerly on land formerly of Richard K. Randolph; Easterly on a highway called Gyppen Lane; Southerly on land of the late Peckham Anthony, and Westerly on land of Susan Chase. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber in Portsmouth.

Dec 23. ABRAHAM ANTHONY.

FOR SALE.

THE WINSLOW ESTATE, with a Dwelling House on Greene street, and the lot fronting on Pelham st. For terms apply to

Newport, july 15, 1854. GEO. BOWEN.

BANK SHARES FOR SALE.

FOUR SHARES of the Bank of Rhode Island for sale. Apply to the Cashier. nov 4.

LAND FOR SALE.

A LOT OF LAND containing about 1½ acres on the West side of the main road and opposite the residence of Henry Gould. For terms apply to

July 15. GEO. BOWEN.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

and possession given 1st of April.

The estate which has been long and widely known as the High Street House has been put in complete order. The house is well calculated for either a Boarding House or Summer residence. It possesses advantages which are seldom found in one estate of the kind, having a piazza on the first and second stories, and other conveniences attached to the property. The lot on which it stands is large, and well furnished with fruit trees and shrubbery.

For further particulars apply to

March 17. NATHAN HAMMETT.

Stoves, &c.

Stoves, Tin Ware, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER has in store a large assortment of Parlor and Cook Stoves, Tin Ware of all kinds, Wooden and Willow Ware, Ranges of most approved pattern set with care, and warranted to work well. Jobbing punctually attended to. Orders solicited.

WILLIAM BROWNELL,

May 12. Opposite R. I. Union Bank.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have purchased the stock &c. of Mr. Thomas P. Messer, and have entered into copartnership under the firm of

J. B. LANGLEY, Jr., & CO.,

at the store No. 122 Thames street and intend carrying on the Tin Plate and Sheet Iron business in all its branches.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

JOHN B. LANGLEY, JR.,
STEPHEN GODDARD,
FREDERICK A. BARLOW.

April 28, 1855.

Bathing Tubs.

A NEW style of childrens Bath Tubs, a first rate article, also Sit Baths, Hat Baths, Foot Tubs, &c. at 117 Thames street.

June 30. WM. H. BLISS.

STOVES.

THE Metropolitan, Roger Williams, Metropolis, Portland, and various other patterns of Cook, Parlor, Office and Ship Stoves, by

J. B. LANGLEY, Jr. & Co.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28

Furnaces & Ranges.

HOT AIR FURNACES and Cooking Ranges set and repaired, and jobbing of all kinds punctually attended to, by

J B LANGLEY, Jr, & CO.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28.

TINNED ROOFS.

ROOFS Tinned in the best manner, by

J B LANGLEY, Jr, & CO.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28

House Furnishing Goods.

TIN, Sheet Iron, Japanned, Britannia, Glass, Wooden, Willow Ware, Mats, &c, by

J B LANGLEY, Jr, & Co.,

No 122 Thames street, opposite Finch & Engs'.

April 28

Traveling Directory.

OLD COLONY & FALL RIVER RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, *April* 23, 1855, Passenger Trains leave Boston for Neponset, 7 15, 8 10 8 45, 10 15 A M; 1, 2, 2 30, 3, 5 10, 5 45, 7, 7, 7 15, 9 45,

Quincy, S. Braintree, 7 30, 8 10, 10 A. M; 2, 2 30 5 10, 6 40, 7, 9 30 P M.

Bridgewater 7 30, A. M; 2, 4 15, 5 30, 6 40, P M

Fall River 7 15, A. M; 2, 4 15, 5 30, P M

Trains for Boston leave—

Plymouth 6 15, 9 20, A. M.; 4 40, P. M.

Fall River 7, 11 45, A. M.; 3 45, P. M.

Bridgewater 6 30, 8 04, A. M.; 12 52, 4 55,

S. Braintree, 6 20, 7 08, 7 27, 8 30, 10 26, A. M.; 1 42, 2 45, 5 48, P. M.

At the above hours, or on the arrival of Trains.

☞ Trains leave Myrick's for Fall River at 7 45 A. M., from New Bedford. Leaves Fall River at 5 30 P. M. for New Bedford.

The 7 15 A. M. Train from Fall River and the 4 15 P. M. Train from Boston will not stop at E and W. Bridgewater, Keith's Furnace, Campello nor at Stations North of Randolph.

Boston to Milton at 8 45 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, P. M.

For Boston at 6 25, and 10, A. M.; 1 55 and 6 05, P. M.

Boston, 1855. GEO. HAVEN, *Sup't*

BAY STATE LINE OF STEAMERS.

METROPOLIS, Capt. William Brown, leaves Fall River for New York on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on arrival of 5 30 train from Boston. Returning leaves New York, at 5 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

BAY STATE, Capt. Jewett, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. From New York Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Both Boats touch at Newport each way, for New York at 8½ P. M. and Fall River at 2 A. M.

The steamers on this route are the largest, most substantial and costly of any inland steamers on the American waters, having been built expressly for the route around Point Judith.

NOTICE.

On and after MONDAY, July 2d, 1855, the steamer PERRY, Captain WOOLSEY, will make two trips daily, (Sunday excepted) between Providence and Newport; leaving Newport—until further notice—for Providence, at 5 A. M., and 1½ P. M., connecting at Providence with trains for Boston, Worcester, Stonington, New Bedford, &c. Returning, will leave Providence for Newport, at 9 A. M., and 5 P. M., or on arrival of cars from the above named places.

FARES.

From Newport and Providence,				50 cents.
"	"	"	Boston,	$1,50
"	"	"	Worcester,	$1.50
"	"	"	Taunton,	$1,00
"	"	"	New Bedford,	$1,60

Freight taken at the usual rates.

June 30, 1855

Instruction.

SELECT SCHOOL.

INSTRUCTION is given by BENJ. E. THURSTON in all English Branches and the Classics. Terms $100 per annum.

Rooms in Church Street, next below Masonic Hall.

Residence corner of Mary and Thames Sts.

April 21—tf

Young Ladies School,

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

CIRCULARS giving particulars, with the highest references, may be obtained at the School.

May 5 A. DALTON, Principal.

GROCERIES.

EXTENSIVE
SPRING SUPPLY
—OF—

Choice and Fresh
GROCERIES.

NEWTON BROTHERS invite the attention of their customers to the following choice stock of Fresh Family Groceries just received per sloop Rienzi from New York, which are offered at wholesale and retail in quantities to suit purchasers at the lowest market prices:

70 Bbls New Orleans Molasses,
50 Boxes Havana Sugar,
40 Bags Java, Rio Coffee and Mocha Coffee,
200 Packages Green and Black Teas,
50 Bbls Stewart's Refined Sugars,
5 Boxes standard Loaf Sugar,
25 Bbls Crushed and Ground Sugar,
20 Boxes Ground Coffee,
100 Bbls Superfine and Extra Flour,
200 Bags Extra Flour,
50 Small Bags Hominy and Samp,
10 Boxes Wheaten Grits and Farina,
25 Boxes Blue and Pearl Starch,
20 Cases Indigo and Fig Blue,
40 Boxes Castile and Fancy Soap,
100 Boxes Extra and No 1 Soap,
30 Boxes Patent and Adamantine Candles,
5 Bbls Smoked Beef and Tongues,
10 Casks Hams,
500 Bags Fine Salt,
5 Cases Table Salt,
15 Tubs Leaf Lard,
30 Boxes Cheese,
10 Tierces Prime Rice,
50 Boxes Refined Salaeratus,
25 boxes Sup Carb Soda,
10 boxes Cream O'Tartar,
10 boxes Chocolate and Cocoa,
15 cases Baking Powder,
10 cases American and English Mustard,
25 Boxes Pepper sauce,
5 cases English Sauces and Pickles,
25 Baskets Olive Oil and Capres,
100 Boxes Bunch and Layer Raisins,
100 Half and Quarter boxes Raisins,
25 Kegs Raisins,
30 boxes Smyrna Raisins,
100 Drums Figs,
5 cases Prunes in fancy boxes and jars,
5 casks Currants,
20 Boxes Citron,
25 bbls Dried Apples,
5 bbls Dried Peaches and Plums,
5 bags Almonds,
10 boxes Lemons,
30 Boxes Pure Ground Spices,
20 Kegs Pure Ground Ginger,
5 Cases Nutmegs and Mace,
5 Bags Cloves Pimento, and Pepper,
5 boxes Lemon Syrup,
20 cases Maccaroni and Vermacelli,
5 Kegs Pearl Barley,
25 Boxes Fancy Crackers,
5 cases Preserves and Jellies,
10 bbls Elephant Oil,
20 bundles Brooms,
25 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco,
5 Cases Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,
20 Jars Maccoboy Snuff,
5 bbls Scotch Snuff,
100 Boxes Pipes,
200 Reams Wrapping Paper,
25 Bbls Cider and Wine Vinegar,
20 cases Wolfe's Schiedam Senapps,
25 casks Scotch Ale and London Porter,
100 Thousand Segars, &c, &c. [April 21

Lard,
Hams,
Shouders,
Smoked Beef,
Beef Tongues, at

April 29. STANTON'S.

ORANGES & LEMONS

A NEW SUPPLY of the above at

STANTON'S,

April 29. 98 Thames st.

Teas.—New Teas of superior quality; Extra Fine Hyson, do. Young Hyson, Fine Young Hyson, Extra Fine Gunpowder, do. do. Oolong, Extra Fine English Breakfast, do. do. Hyson Pekoe, at wholesale and retail at 22 Broad st.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

SUGARS

A NEW SUPPLY of all grades and qualities at a low price. For sale by

R. H. STANTON,

April 20 98 Thames st.

FLOUR.

A NEW LOT OF DOUBLE EXTRA in bbls. and Hecker's, in 1-8 and 1-4 bags, at

98 Thames st.,

April 29. R. H. STANTON.

FRUITS.

RAISINS in Kegs and Whole; 1-2 1-4 Boxes Prunes, Dates, Figs, Citron Dried Apples and Peaches, at STANTON'S,

April 29. 98 Thames st.

Bag Flour for sale by

March 16. J. H. & G. W. PERRY.

Lard—8 lbs. for one dollar, at

YOUNG'S,

May 19. Parade corner.

Sugars—All kinds just received at the Parade Corner Grocery.

May 19. H. H. YOUNG.

Teas—A fresh invoice (which for price and quality cannot be beat) just received at the Parade Corner Grocery.

May 19. H. H. YOUNG.

Dried Apples, Prunes, Peaches, Dates, Oranges, Lemons, Bird Seed, &c., on sale at the PARADE CORNER GROCERY.

May 19.

Providence Advertisements

MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
PROVIDENCE, R.I.

Insure, Marine and Fire Risks on the most favorable terms.

The Capitol of said Company is $150,000, all paid in and invested in Bank Stock in the City of Providence.

DIRECTORS.

William Rhodes, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins Ebenezer Kelly, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, T D. Bowen, Allen O. Peck, Samuel Tobey, James T. Rhodes, Walker Humphrey.

B. ALLEN O. PECK, *President.*

WALTER HUMPHREY, *Secretary.*

Persons wanting insurance or information concerning said Company, will please apply at OFFICE, WHAT CHEER BUILDING, PROVIDENCE or GEORGE BOWEN, Esq., Newport.

Newport, July 3, 1852.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF SAFES
IN NEW-ENGLAND.

F. F. MILLER & SON,

No. 40 North Main Street, Arnold Block.

Manufacturers of Fire Proof Safes, Burglar Proof Bank Chests, Bank Vaults, Iron Doors and Shutters, and other Iron Work. Also, Dealers in all the most approved Powder and Burglar Proof Bank and Safe Locks.

Particular attention paid to the furnishing and fitting of Bank Locks, Bolts, Fastenings, &c. Safes made to order, of any size, and with inside arrangements to suit. All orders promptly executed.

SECOND HAND SAFES.—A few of other makers, taken in exchange for those of our make, for sale very low.

E. F. MILLER,
E. F. MILLER, Jr.

Providence, R. I., Sept 2, 1854.—1y

Paints, &c.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have entered into Co-Partnership under the firm of

GLADDING & SIMMONS,

for the purpose of carrying on the Painting and Glazing business in all its branches. They also intend to keep on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Sashes and Blinds, Paints, Oil, Glass, White Lead, &c., &c., at the lowest prices.

A share of public patronage is solicited at No. 21 Spring street.

WM. J. GLADDING,
LEWIS L. SIMMONS.

N. B. New Sashes exchanged for Old. Persons wishing anything in their line will do well to call.

☞ All Orders promptly attended to. ☜

Feb 17, 1855.—1y

Legal Notices.

AN ORDINANCE providing for the appointment of a City Solicitor and prescribing his duties.

It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newport, as follows:

Section 1. In the month of June annually, and whenever a vacancy in said office shall occur, there shall be chosen by the City Council in Convention a Solicitor for the City of Newport, who shall be a resident citizen thereof, and who shall be an Attorney and Counsellor of the State and who shall not hold any other office under the city, during the time for which he is elected.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said Solicitor by himself or by some person by him duly authorized, for whose conduct, skill and faithfulness he shall be accountable to draft all bonds, deeds, obligations, contracts, leases, conveyances, arguments and other legal instruments, of whatever nature which may be required of him by any ordinance or order of the City Council, or of either Board thereof.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the City Solicitor to commence and prosecute all actions and suits to be commenced by the City before any tribunal in this State, whether in Law or Equity, and also to appear in defence and advocate the rights and interests of the City or of any of the officers of the City in any of said prosecution for any act or omission in the discharge of their official duties wherein any estate, right, privilege, ordinance or act or any breach of any ordinance may be brought in question. He shall also, when requested, act as Attorney or Counsel for any officer of the City in any prosecution or proceeding, which may be instituted by such officers for any breach of any of the laws of this State, or of any of the ordinances, orders or bye laws of the City. He shall also appear before the General Assembly or any Committees thereof, whether, either or both branches of the same, and there in behalf of the City, represent, answer for, defend and advocate the interests and welfare of the City, whenever the same may be directly or indirectly interested, or affected, whether to prosecute or to defend the same and he shall in all matters do every professional act incident to the office, which may be required of him by the City Council or either Board thereof, or any Committee thereof, or any Offices of the City, who may require it in the discharge of his official duties, with his legal opinion on any subject touching the duties of their respective offices or the rights, duties, and interests of the City.

Sec. 4. In full compensation for all the services of said Solicitor he shall receive an annual salary of three hundred and fifty dollars to be paid quarterly by the City Treasurer. In all cases however, when his attendance out of the City may be required of him, his reasonable travelling expenses shall be allowed him, and in all suits or prosecutions, he shall receive and retain such portions of the legal, taxable costs, which may be recovered of the adverse party, as according to the practice and usages of this State, is received and retained by the Attorney or Solicitor in such suits or prosecutions.

A true copy—attest:

July 7 B. B. HOWLAND, City Clerk.

It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newport as follows:

Section 1. All assemblies of persons at the corners of the streets, or in public places in this city, whereby the peace is disturbed or the public thoroughfares obstructed shall be and are hereby declared to be unlawful, and any person or persons so assembling in violation of this ordinance shall for each and every offence forfeit and pay to and for the use of the city, a sum not exceeding two dollars to be recovered according to law.

Sec. 2. The Police, Watchmen and Constables of this city, are hereby required to notify all such unlawful assemblies as aforesaid to immediately disperse and if such command is not obeyed, to arrest all such offenders and commit them to the States Jail, to await due order of law. An ordinance passed by the City Council entitled an ordinance for the dispersing of unlawful assemblies at the corners of the streets is hereby repealed.

A true copy—attest:

July 7 B. B. HOWLAND, City Cl'k.

An Ordinance in relation to depositing Filth in the Streets, &c.

AT A MEETING of the City Council of Newport holden April 6, 1854, it was ordained as follows:—

That no person shall throw or deposit or cause to be thrown or deposited in any street, highway or public place in said city, any coal dust, soot, ashes, cinders, shavings, hair, manure, oyster, clam or lobster shells, or any animal or vegetable matter or substance whatever, (except on Saturday morning of each week, before 9 o'clock.

Every person so offending shall forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one dollar for the first offence, and a fine of five dollars for every subsequent offence, to be recovered to and for the use of the city, by proper legal process, before any court of competent jurisdiction.

A true copy—attest:

July 14. B. B. HOWLAND, City Cl'k.

Wood & Coal.

Lyken's Valley Coal.

A cargo of this deservedly popular coal in prime order just received and for sale by

June 16 CHAS. WILLIAMS.

LYKEN'S VALLEY COAL.

JUST received a cargo of Lyken's Valley coal and for sale by WM. J. SWINBURNE.

May 12 Foot of Mary st.

Southern Pine Wood.

I have just received a cargo of selected Virginia Pine Wood, a very superior article which can be sawn to order as usual, at the

City Coal Yard, Williams' Wharf,

June 16 CHAS. WILLIAMS,

English and Scotch Cannel Coal.

JUST Received a cargo of English and Scotch Coal, at WM. J. SWINBURNE'S.

June 9 wharf opposite foot of Mary st.

Seasoned Wood.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received two cargoes of very handsome, seasoned Oak Wood. Also a few cords of young, seasoned Walnut. I have on hand a supply of Pine Wood of a superior quality. All kinds of coal at reduced prices.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,

March 3. Williams' Wharf.

Business Cards.

WILLIAM P. SHEFFIELD,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office in the Rhode Island Union Bank Building,

May 7, THAMES STREET. 1853.

E. P. BEEDE,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

46 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT.

aug 5—tf.

R. H. STANTON.

DEALER IN

PROVISIONS, SHIP STORES, GROCERIES TEAS, FRUIT, &c. &c.

At Store No. 98 Thames-st., opposite Colonnade Row.

Goods of any description forwarded to customers with despatch. Jan. 1

AUGUSTUS FRENCH,

DEALER IN

Bonnet and Millinery Goods.

No. 96, Thames Street.

C C. VAN ZANDT

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Office in the Newport Mercury Building

No. 123 Thames Street, (Up Stairs.)

Hats and Caps.

Children's Hats and Caps.

A LARGE assortment of Children's Hats and Caps of the latest styles—received and for sale low by JACOB WEAVER,

April 14 114 Thames street.

Soft Hats.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale low, fifty dozen Soft Hats at prices from five dollars down to fifty cents, at 114 Thames street.

April 14 JACOB WEAVER.

HATS.

T. C. MUMFORD has just received and will sell cheap for cash, a lot of Hungarian, Rock and Brush, Shanghai, Musk, Beaver and Otter Hats, and Wide Awakes. Also a lot of Boys' Hats from 62c. to $1. Also a good assortment of Mens', Boys' and Children's Caps.

May 12. Corner Market Square.

Gentlemen's Hats and Caps

SPRING STYLES now ready from the best manufactories in New York and Boston, at 114 Thames street.

April 14 JACOB WEAVER.

Clothing.

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment
NO. 168 Thames Street

The subscriber, would respectfully invite the attention of the public, to his fashionable assortment of new Winter Goods consisting in part, of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS, which will be sold at moderate prices, or made into garments of the *latest styles*, in the most *thorough manner.*

WILLIAM B. SWAN.

New Spring & Summe Goods,

JUST ARRIVED

CONSISTING OF Beaver and Pilot Cloths Devonshire, Kerseys, Petershams and Coating for Over Coats.

Broadcloths, of all Colors, Doeskins, Cassimers, Vesting, Vermont Cloths and Sattinets.

A large assortment of Trimmaings of all kind Furnishing Goods of all descriptions to be 1 Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!!

JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,

Oct. 23. Tailor & Draper

N. B. Cutting particularly attended to.

STEPHEN HAMMETT'S
Clothing Warehouse.

No. 172 Thames Street.

THIS establishment is now supplied with a new and immense stock of

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Including every variety of Over Coats, Dress and Frock Coats, Pants, Vests, &c. all made of the best materials.

Attention is also invited to

FRNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.

in which I am prepared to exhibit and offer for sale a great variety of Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, India Rubber Goods, Oil Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.,

---

Carpentering.

STEAM MILL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS wish to call the attention of their friends and the public generally to their Establishment on Tanner street, where they keep on hand and are constantly making Window frames, Sashes, Blinds, Doors and Fence capping, and Mouldings of every description. Plaining and Sawing of all kinds, such as Joist, Plank, Boards and Clapboards. All Work warranted.

Orders left with Messrs. FINCH & ENGS, will insure attention.

GIDEON LAWTON & CO.

Newport, Sept. 4, 1852.—1

BLINDS! BLINDS!!

READY MADE and made to order at the following prices:—

3x10	$1.50
8x12	1,62
9x13	1.70
10x14	1,75
10x15	1,85
10x16	1,95

Jan 6. S. MOFFITT.

DOORS, SASHES & BLINDS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand a large assortment at the lowest prices, at No, 3 & 5 Sherman street.

sept 23. SIMON MOFFIT.

Plumbing, &c.

N. M. Chafee,

PRACTICAL PLUMBER

210 THAMES STREET,

two doors north of Custom house,

HAS constantly on hand a variety of Force and Lift Pumps, of his own manufacture, which he warrants equal, if not superior to any before offered in this market.

Also, Water Closets, Wash Bowls, Croton and Cochituate Faucets, and every description of Plumbing materials of various qualities and prices, as cheap as can be bought elsewhere.

Also, Pure block Tin Pipe, warranted not to injure the water in any way and fitted in the best style to Pumps and all other purposes.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead of various sizes on hand, also, all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings made to order. Ship Castings of all kinds on hand and made to order at short notice.

All orders attended to with neatness and dispatch and all work *Warranted.* Jan. 22.

JAMES W. LYON,

PLUMBER, BRASS FOUNDER & COPPER SMITH

No. 236, THAMES STREET,

NEWPORT, R. I.

HAVING FITTED UP his extensive Establishment in the best manner to display his varied assortment, calls attention to his Water Closets, Pumps of Copper and Iron, from the single action to the double forcing, and the superior Chain Pumps with curbs of his own pattern (highly approved) together with hot and cold shower Baths, vertical Boilers, arranged on the most approved plans, Wash Bowls of every variety, lead pipe, Silver Basin Fausets of every pattern and style conceived off—all of which are now offered to the public at the lowest market prices and fitted in a satisfactory manner.

Particular attention paid to SHIP PLUMBING and CASTINGS, and arrangements have been made with the manufacturers in Boston to furnish every variety of Gutta Percha, in pipes or in sheets which will be fitted to any use at the shortest notice.

Grateful for past favors, he hopes by strict attention to his business to merit the approbation of his customers. All work warranted not to fail until worn out. April 17, 1855.

LOCK-SMITH
—AND
BELL HANGER.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having removed from N. M. Chafee's establishment, to the rear of No. 5 JOHN STREET, is now prepared to carry on all the branches of his business as lock-smith and bell-hanger. He keeps constantly on hand every variety of bells, locks, and keys, of the most approved patterns, which are furnished at the lowest rates, and all work warranted.

JOHN GLYNN,

Sept 13—tf. No. 210 Thames Street.

GAS FIXTURES
AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to attend at short notice to the wants of those who wish to introduce Gas in their dwellings. I have a large assortment of Gas Fixtures direct from the manufacturers at New York and Boston. Please call and examine my stock at No 117 Thames st.

W. H. BLISS.

Terms CASH, except by special agreement.

April 14—tf

Lumber Yards.

HARD & SOFT WOOD

LUMBER YARD.

NO. 60, LONG WHARF.

THE undersigned is now prepared to supply a
who may give him a call, with everything in
his line—and to his patrons
He would say—you'll be satisfied
With Stock and Price when both you've tried;
The stock is good, the price not high,
Compared to places where'er you buy.
I've got good Oak, and Ash I've too,
As good as ever in this world grew;
My Cherry is most excellent good,
There never was a better wood—
Black Walnut cannot here be beat
For Counter, Table, or Tete-a-Tete;
White Wood is so very good,
I cannot keep much if I would.
They buy it off and wish me well,
And hope I'll always to them sell.
Flooring is cheap and very good stuff,
And is not measured in the 'rough;'
And such as want and have none on hand,
Please come and buy it at my stand.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK.

Newport, March 31, 1855.

LUMBER.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having purchased the stock and leased the wharf of the well known stand for the past forty years as *HAMMETT'S LUMBER YARD,* would take this method of informing the public that it will be continued under the same name, and extending the invitation to past patrons of the establishment and to all others who may need materials of kinds usually kept at such an establishment to call, assuring such that no pains will be spared to accommodate, and on as liberal terms as at any other establishment.

ALBERT & JOHN R. HAMMETT.

july 15, 1854.—tf

Miscellaneous.

CHEST EXPANDERS.

THE importance of allowing the chest and lungs to expand naturally without being confined by the habit of stooping, or drawing the shoulders forward is too little realized by parents, and still more unfortunate is the habit of allowing the whole weight of the skirts to be thrown upon the hips of girls or ladies, causing numerous and distressing diseases. We have now on hand a full supply of Chest Expanders, for men and boys, and also skirt supporters for women and girls of all sizes. They are simple in construction and are calculated to answer the purpose designated in the most complete manner, and moreover, are inexpensive. Ladies or children can be fitted at their own residences if preferred. When so simple and cheap a remedy is at hand for obviating the ill effects of a contracted chest or an unnatural fashion, no one should fail to avail themselves of it. Fitted to suit by

HAZARD & CASWELL,

Apothecaries Hall | & Hall of Pharmacy,
12 Washington Sq. | 137 Thames st.

Administrator's Notice.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Administrator on the estate of *STEPHEN FREEBORN,* late of Portsmouth, deceased, requests all persons to make immediate payment to

June 16 JOSEPH B. CORY, Adm'r.

Bank of Rhode Island.

A Dividend will be paid to the stockholders of the Bank of Rhode Island, on and after Monday, July 2d, 1855.

June 23 W. A. CLARKE, Cash'r.

N. E. Commercial Bank.

A Semi-Annual Dividend will be paid at this Bank on and after Monday, the 2d day of July next.

June 23—3t. G. T. WEAVER, Cashier.

Newport Bank.

A Semi-Annual Dividend has been declared payable to the stockholders of this Bank on and after Monday, July 2d, 1855.

June 23. H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.

Rhode Island Union Bank.

A Semi-Annual dividend will be paid to the stockholders of this bank, on and after July 2d, 1855.

June 23 R. P. LEE, Cashier.

NEWPORT
MARKET.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having taken the Market recently occupied by Andrew Sterns, at No. 147 Thames Street, (foot of Church street) would respectfully inform their former customers, their friends, and the public generally, that they are now prepared to furnish Beef, Pork, Mutton, Lamb, Hams, Lard, Sausages, Poultry, Wild Game, Fruit and Vegetables of all kinds, and everything usually found in a well conducted Market. A share of public patronage is respectfull solicited.

SISSON, BATEMAN & COGGESHALL.

Newport, Dec 30.—tf

NOTICE.

THOS. C. MUMFORD, No. 173 Thames street, will sell his present stock of Cloths, Clothing, and Furnishing Goods, at REDUCED PRICES.

LEGAL NOTICE!

THE SUIT in the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Vermont District, in our name against E. B. Eddy of Burlington, for an infringement of our Patent for making Friction Matches, has been decided, after a full hearing before both judges, in our favor, by which decision our exclusive right to the use of the formula described in the Patent is sustained.

☞ All persons are hereby cautioned against SELLING any FRICTION MATCHES except those made by us, as all infringements of our rights will be prosecuted to the full extent of the United States Patent Laws.

BYAM, PEARSON, CARLTON & CO.,
116 Union Street, Boston.

July 14, 1855—3m is

Wanted, 300 Active Young Men,

To act as local and travelling agents in a business easy, useful and honorable, at a

SALARY OF $100 PER MONTH!

A capital of $5 only required. No patent medicine or book business. Full particulars given, free, to all who enclose a postage stamp or a three cent piece, and address

A. B. MARTYN, Plaistow, N. H.

June 30.

TIMELY HINTS TO ALL.

How many have lost a father, a mother, a sister, a brother, or an innocent little prattling child—and have not even the shadow of a resemblance to look upon. After the separation some little toy or a trifling article of apparel, often is kept for years, and cherished as a token of remembrance how much more valuable would be one of Williams' perfect Daguerreotype Minatures of the "loved and lost."

Reader, perhaps you cannot do a better thing now, while your mind is upon the subject, than take an hour or two, and go by yourself, or with your family, or your friends, and visit the only artist in our town; and if not now, you may at some future period have reason to feel grateful for these "gentle hints" from

J. A. WILLIAMS,

Chair Manufactory.

THE SUBSCRIBER has taken the Hall over Mr. THOMAS STANHOPE'S store, corner of Thames street and Bannister's Wharf, directly opposite NEWTON BROTHERS, and is prepared to manufacture all kinds of Chairs in the best possible manner, and on as reasonable terms as at any establishment in this or any other State. He keeps constantly on hand every variety of Chairs, and at prices to suit the purchaser.

Cane and Flag Seat Chairs, repaired repainted gilded, &c. SAMUEL J. MARSH.

Newport, July 15, 1854.—tf

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the citizens of Newport and surrounding neighborhood, that they have made such arrangements with one of the largest importing and manufacturing establishments in New York, that every article in the line of paper hangings, pannellings and decorations, can be furnished at the cheapest rates, and at the shortest notice.

The nature of the arrangement is also such as that workmen of the first class will be sent by the said establishment, so that private houses, Hotels, Public Buildings, Churches, &c. will be contracted for and the work done within any given period agreed upon.

Dec 30. CORNELL & DENNIS.

London Split Peas, extra quality at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

Pickles, Capers, Pepper Sauce, Mushroom and Tomato Catsup, at 22 Broad street.

June 23. CORNELL & DENNIS.

SODS.

OF a very fine quality for sale by

April 7. HENRY E. TURNER.

Millinery

Ladies Straw Bonnets and Gents Hats of every description cleaned and pressed in as good style as can be done in this State. Also Shaker Hoods and Gents Wide Awake Hats, at 97 Thames St,

April 21 AUGUSTUS FRENCH.

HAT.

JUST received at 86 Thames street, a new style of Boys' Leghorn Hats and French Lace Caps, large sizes.

June 23. F. H. GREENE.

GREENE'S Straw Bonnet and Hat Bleachery. Gentlemen, now is the time to get your Hats bleached and pressed, and also bear in mind that GREENE does up his Panama Hats without the use of acids, and warrants the color to last longer and the Hat to look ten per cent whiter than those done with acids. Don't forget the number, 86 Thames St

April 21.

French Artificial Flowers.

OPENING this day—a large lot of French Artificial Flowers, which will be sold as low as can be purchased in the city of the same quality.

F. H. GREENE,

April 21 86 Thames Street.

MILLINERY

A RICH ASSORTMENT OF

RIBBONS,

AND OTHER

MILLINERY GOODS,

AT A. SHERMAN'S, 261 *Thames street.*

Medicines.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the WEAK, the NERVOUS, the DELICATE, and the INFIRM, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines in the United States, and offers them to a free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountains of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorders of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. They soon give a healthy tone to these organs, however much deranged, and when all other means have failed.

GENERAL DEBILITY, ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills, that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No Female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without it.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:

Asthma
Bowel Complaints
Coughs
Colds
Chest Diseases
Costiveness
Dyspepsia
Diarrhœa
Dropsy
Debility
Fever and Ague
Female Complaints
Indigestion
Influenza
Inflammation
Inward Weakness
Liver Complaints
Lowness of Spirits
Piles
Stone and Gravel
Secondary Symptoms
Venereal Affections
Worms of all kinds
Headaches

*** Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers of Medicines throughout the United States, and the civilized world, in boxes, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

June 9, 1855.

"SIR ANDREW—But my hair becomes me well.'

Sir Toby—"Excellent; it hangs like flax on a distaff."—*Shakspear.*

If you would lay your "*fleece of wooly hair,*" and, instead of being the butt of Sir Toby's jest become the admiration of all by the "paining ravishing hue" of your hair, such as "Helen spied on Troilus," use Spalding's Inimitable ROSEMARY HAIR OIL. It is compounded by a regular chemist, not alone as a beautifier, but as a cleanser of the scalp and invigorator and restorer of the hair; imparting to it a freshness and lifelike lustre which no other article can give. It forces the *beard* and *whiskers* to grow and gives them a rich appearance; restores gray hair to its original color, and prevents it from turning gray. Sold by R. J. TAYLOR,

Jan 20. 102 Thames st

Wines and Liquors---Fine old Cognac Brandies, Pale and Dark do, Holland Gin, St. Croix Rum, Madeira, Old Port, Sherry, Malaga, Lisbon, Mountain, Claret, Pale Sherry, Sicily and other Wines, and Basket Champagne Bottled Liquors of all kinds. Also a full assortment of domestic Liquors. The above Liquors to be sold in quantities not less than a pint.

H. H. YOUNG'S,

March 24 Parade corner.

Mrs. Alden World's Hair Restorer.

THE hair and whiskers are restored to and preserved in their original color by the use of this article, at

July 7 R. J. TAYLOR'S.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

Compound Fluid Extract
Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, removing all diseases arising from excess of Mercury, exposure and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional disease, arising from an impure state of the Blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Tetter, Pimples on the Face, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin.

This article is now prescribed by some of the most distinguished Physicians in the country, and has proved more efficient in practice than any preparation of Sarsaparilla yet offered to the public. Several cases of secondary Syphilis, Mercurial and Scrofulous diseases have entirely recovered in the incurable wards of our Public Institutions which had for many years resisted every mode of treatment that could be devised. These cases furnish striking examples of the salutary effects of this medicine in arresting some of the most inveterate diseases, after the glands were destroyed, and the bones already affected.

NOTICE.—Letters from responsible Physicians and Professors of several Medical Colleges, and certificates of cures from patients will be found accompanying both Preparations.

Prepared and sold by H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist, 263 Chestnut Street, near the Girard House, Philadelphia.

To be had of R. J. TAYLOR, Newport,
And of Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

All letters directed to the Proprietor or Agent receive immediate attention.

July 7.—1y

Piano Fortes.

PIANO FORTES.

PERSONS desiring Piano Fortes tuned can be accommodated *promptly* by leaving their orders at Ward's Book Store, No. 99 Thames street.

Piano Fortes KEPT in playing order by the year. Wires also repaired. [Feb 10.

PIANOS.

INDIVIDUALS wishing to hire Piano-Fortes for the season will do well to call at WARD'S Book and Music Store, 99 Thames street, formerly occupied by William H. Peek. May 12.

Boots & Shoes.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of Clark Burdick & Co, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having unsettled accounts with said firm will please to present the same to Clark H Burdick, who is fully authorized to settle the same.

CLARK BURDICK.

Newport, Dec 30, 1854.

The subscriber having purchased the interest of Clark Burdick in the late firm of Clark Burdick & Co, will continue the business of Boot & Shoe manufacturing at the old stand, No. 275 Thames street.

Dec 30. C. H. BURDICK.

Boots and Shoes.

THE SUBSCRIBER having replenished his stock of fashionable Boots and Shoes, begs leave to call the attention of his friends and the public to the various articles in his line adapted to fall and winter wear, consisting of heavy Boots, Bootees, Gaiters of different kinds and make, Shoes of all qualities and sizes, and a general assortment of goods of the most desirable styles, all of which are offered at the lowest market rates.

sept 30.—tf JOHN N. POTTER.